Doc. no. LER0-OM00303



# **Operation Manual**

**PRODUCT NAME** 

# **Electric Rotary Table**



This manual describes the actuators operation in combination with the LEC\*6 series controllers. Refer to the manual relevant to the controller being used for full operating instructions.

# **SMC** Corporation

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# $\triangle$

# LER Series/Electric Rotary Table Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC), Japan Industrial Standards (JIS)\*1) and other safety regulations\*2).

\*1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power -- General rules relating to systems

ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power -- General rules relating to systems

IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery -- Electrical equipment of machines (Part 1: General requirements)

ISO 10218-1992: Manipulating industrial robots -- Safety

JIS B 8370: General rules for pneumatic equipment.

JIS B 8361: General rules for hydraulic equipment.

JIS B 9960-1: Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment for machines. (Part 1: General requirements)

JIS B 8433-1993: Manipulating industrial robots - Safety. etc.

2) Labor Safety and Sanitation Law, etc.

Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



**Warning** indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**Danger** indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

# Warning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications.

Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results.

The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product.

This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalog information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.

2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly.

The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

**3.** Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/equipment until safety is confirmed. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.

When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.

Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.

4. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.

1) Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.

2) Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalog.

3) An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.

4) Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.



# LER Series/Electric Rotary Table Safety Instructions

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The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries.

The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries. If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary.

If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

# Limited warranty and Disclaimer/Compliance Requirements

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".

Read and accept them before using the product.

#### Limited warranty and Disclaimer

The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered.\*3) Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.

For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided.

This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.

Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalog for the particular products.

\*3) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty.

A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered.

Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

#### **Compliance Requirements**

When the product is exported, strictly follow the laws required by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law).

# ▲ Caution

SMC products are not intended for use as instruments for legal metrology.

Measurement instruments that SMC manufactures or sells have not been qualified by type approval tests relevant to the metrology (measurement) laws of each country.

Therefore, SMC products cannot be used for business or certification ordained by the metrology (measurement) laws of each country.

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#### 1. Procedure before operation/simple setting to use straight away

The controller is already set with the data of the actuator.

With the simple setting "easy mode", it can be operated and running parameters can be changed easily.

#### **1.1 Preparation**

#### (1) Items to be prepared

Please check on the label, and the quantity of accessories, to confirm that it is the product that was ordered. Table 1. Componets

No.	Part name	Qty				
(1)	Electric Rotary Table	1				
(2)	Controller	1				
(3)	Power supply plug	1				
(4)	Actuator cable	1				
(5)	I/O cable (Not use in this section)	1				
(6)	Teaching box	1				
(7)	Controller setting kit [The controller setting software, The communication cable, USB cable and conversion unit are included.] Setting software / version 1.1or higher	1				



Table 2. Items to be prepared by the customer

Power supply 24VDC Except "inrush-current restraining type"       Refer to power consumption of each actuator         Wire AWG20 (0.5mm²)       Stripped wire length       Image: Connect the plus side of DC 24V to the C24V, M24V and EMG terminals of the power supply plug, and the minus side to the 0V terminal. When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.         Power supply plug Wiring       Push the open/ close lever and insert the wire into the electrical wire entry.       Image: Context the wire into the electrical wire entry.         Electrical wire entry.       Image: Context the wire into the electrical wire entry.       Image: Context the wire into the electrical wire entry.	Part name	Conditions
Wire AWG20 (0.5mm²)       Stripped wire length         Wire AWG20 (0.5mm²)       Connect the plus side of DC 24V to the C24V, M24V and EMG terminals of the power supply plug, and the minus side to the 0V terminal. When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.         Power supply plug Wiring       Push the open/ close lever and insert the wire into the electrical wire entry.         Push the open/ close lever and insert the wire into the electrical wire entry.       DC 24V power supply 24V ov 0V         Electrical wire entry.       Electrical wire entry.	Power supply 24VDC Except "inrush-current restraining type"	Refer to power consumption of each actuator
Power supply plug Wiring Wiring Connect the plus side of DC 24V to the C24V, M24V and EMG terminals of the power supply plug, and the minus side to the 0V terminal. When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply. Push the open/ close lever and insert the wire into the electrical wire entry. Use the electrical wire entry. Electrical wire entry. Electrical wire entry. Electrical wire entry. Electrical wire entry.	Wire AWG20 (0.5mm <sup>2</sup> )	Stripped wire length
	Power supply plug Wiring	Connect the plus side of DC 24V to the C24V, M24V and EMG terminals of the power supply plug, and the minus side to the 0V terminal. When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.  Push the open/ close lever and insert the wire into the electrical wire entry.  DC 24V power supply 24V 0V 24V 0V 0V  Electrical wire entry

#### 1.2 Controller setting software version

#### (1) Installation of software

With the controller setting software CD-ROM, install the communication unit software, following the "Software Installation procedure" (PDF)

When the controller setting software/version is below 1.1, the display unit is distance (mm), but the product recognizes it as an angle(°). To upgrade the software, please go to the operation manual page of the SMC website. <u>http://www.smcworld.com/</u>



## If an alarm is generated (1) When "ALARM" is generated, release it by selecting (2) Reset. In the case of an alarm code that cannot be released with "Reset", turn the power supply OFF and ON again. Note) For details of alarm codes, refer to the Controller Operation Manual.



(2)

Get Pos

#### (4) TEST Drive / Step No.0 $\rightarrow$ No.1 $\rightarrow$ No.0 · · · ·

a. Driving preparation : Servo  $On \rightarrow Return to ORIG / Refer to "3.JOG Drive".$ 

Easy Mode

**b.TEST** Drive

"Step No.0" Operation	OII - LEHF20-2K24         Test         Meturn to ONGO         Reset         Servo On           Step No.         Position         Speed         Force             No. 0         1.00         mm         0         mm/s         40         X         Out Deve	
Procedure 1:	Statue Jog Speed	Procedure 2: $\rightarrow$
Select "Step No 0"	Step Data	Select "Drive"
Vell con select	ma/s         sm         X         ma         x         x         ma         x </td <td></td>	
	1 ADSOULS 50 12.00 40 40 24.00	
anywhere in the row	4 5 8	
	7	
	Move Speed: 10 [mm/sec] Move distance Move	
	5.00	
	ready (Endotwine_Prelative,	
	Ele Edit Comm Setting	
	D Return to Reset Serve On	
	UI - LEHF20-2K24 · ORIG PEARL	
"Step No.1" Operation	IDI - LEHI 20-2824         Item         OREG         Item         OREG           Step Na.         Position         Spec         Force         Force           Na.         Q 400 mm         mm/s         40         %	
"Step No.1" Operation	III - LUM 27-2124   Day Ma Pation Seed Fore Seed   Seed AARB SVILE BLISY BY BY STOR C- Dry	Procedure 4: $\rightarrow$
"Step No.1" Operation Procedure 3:	III - LUM 27-2124   III - Device - Devi	Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →
"Step No.1" Operation Procedure 3: Select "Step No.1"	(0) − LUM 20-212-21 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →
"Step No.1" Operation Procedure 3: Select "Step No.1" You can select	Off - LUX 27 - 22.4         -         -         Off G         -          -	Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →
"Step No.1" Operation Procedure 3: Select "Step No.1" You can select anywhere in the row	Off - LUX 27 - 22.4         -         -         Off G         -	Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →
"Step No.1" Operation Procedure 3: Select "Step No.1" You can select anywhere in the row	Office         Design         Design <thdesign< th=""> <thdesign< th=""> <thdesign< td="" th<=""><td>Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →</td></thdesign<></thdesign<></thdesign<>	Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →
"Step No.1" Operation Procedure 3: Select "Step No.1" You can select anywhere in the row	Of Factor         Organization         Organization <td>Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →</td>	Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →
"Step No.1" Operation Procedure 3: Select "Step No.1" You can select anywhere in the row	Bit         Distance	Procedure 4: Select "Drive" →

c.Driving stop : Servo Off / Refer to "3.JOG Drive".

#### (5) Step data change

Ex) "Step No.0" / Positioning operation Step Data



#### Ex) "Step No.1" / Positioning operation c+.

No.	Move M	Speed	Position	Pushing F	TriggLV	In pos	
		°/s	0	%	%	0	Position: $180^{\circ} \rightarrow 9$
0	ABS	50	0.00	0	0	0. 50	
1	ABS	20	180.00	0	0	0. 50	
			Input "90	)"			
Step	Data		Input "90	)"	T.:		
Step <mark>No.</mark>	Data Move M	Speed	Input "90 Position	)" Pushing F	TriggLV	In pos	
Step <mark>No.</mark>	Data Move M	Speed °/s	Input "90 Position °	)" Pushing F %	TriggLV %	In pos °	
Step No. O	Data Move M ABS	Speed °/s 50	Input "90 Position 0 00	)" Pushing F % 0	TriggLV % 0	In pos ° 0. 50	

For details of operation, and relationship between operation procedure and input/ output signals, refer to "3.3 Step Data setting method" p. 21 to 30.

#### (6) Controller setting software screen explanation

Refer to the "Help / Easy mode" menu in the "ACT Controller" setting software.

#### 1.3 Teaching box

(1) Name



SMC

(4) Step data change

"Step No.0" / Positioning operation



output signals, refer to 3.3 "Step Data" setting method p. 21 to 30.

(5) Teaching box detailed explanation

Please refer to the teaching box manual.

## 2. 1 LER Series (Basic • External stopper )

#### 2.1.1 Specification

	Model		LER*10K	LER*10J	LER*30K	LER*30J	LER*50K	LER*50J		
		Rotation Angle (°)		3′	10		32	20		
		Gear rate(°)			8	12	8	12	7.5	12
	Max. Rotation Torque(N·m)			0.32	0.22	1.2	0.8	10.0	6.6	
	Pu	Pushing Torque 40~50%(N·m) <sup>Note 1) Note 3)</sup>			0.13~0.16	0.09~0.11	0.48~0.60	0.32~0.40	4.0~5.0	2.6~3.3
	Ν	/ax. Mo	oment of	LECP6/1/MJ/JXC9	0.004	0.004.0	0.035	0.015	0.13	0.05
	Ine	ertia(kg	J·m²) <sup>Note 2)</sup>	LECPA	0.004	0.0018	0.027	0.012	0.10	0.04
		Rota	tion Speed(°/	(sec) Note 2) Note 3)	20to280	30to420	20to280	30to420	20to280	30to420
			Pushing Spe	ed(°/sec)	20	30	20	30	20	30
			Angular acc	eleration/			2.0			
		Angu	lar decelerat	ion(°/sec <sup>2</sup> ) Note 2)			3,0	000		
с		Back	ash(°)	Basic	+ (	13		± (	).2	
asi	L	Dack		High precision	± (			± (	).1	
/B	F	Repeat	ability (°)	Basic	± 0	.05		± 0	.05	
S	<u> </u>	topoat	a.əy ( )	High precision				± 0	.03	
atio	Lo	st moti	on (°) <sup>Note 4)</sup>	Basic	0.3 o	r less		0.3 0	r less	
ific	1.0			High precision				0.2 0	rless	
ec oec	l In	npact r	esistance/vil				150	)/30		
ds.							Worm go	r and halt		
fo		Ra	Actuation dial load	Basic		78	woini yea			11
tu	Ð		(N)	High precision	8	36		233	3	378
Ac	abl	Th	rust load	Basic	7	78		363	4	51
	ձգ	/F	Push(N)	High precision	1	07		398	5	517
	all Ioa	Th	rust load	Basic	-	7.4	407			
	ble	/	Pull(N)	High precision	74		197		296	
	Та	Ν	<i>l</i> oment	Basic	2.4		5.3		9.7	
			(N·m)	High precision	2	2.9 6.4 12.0		2.0		
	Max. operating frequency(c.p.m) 60									
	<u> </u>	Оре	erating tempera	ig temperature range (°C) 5 to 40						
		Oper	ating humidit	y range (%RH)	90 or less (No condensation)					
		Weig	ht (kg)	Basic	0.	.49		1.1	4	2.2
	<u> </u>	0	( 0)	High precision	0.	.52		1.2	4	2.4
ř	R	otation	Angle (°)	(-2) with 1 Arm			18	30		
de	<u> </u>			(-3) with 2 Arms			y . O	0		
. to			epealability a	al stoppor(°)			±U	.01		
ਗ	<u> </u>	110	(-2) with 1	Basic	0	55	<u>·</u>	12		2.5
SLD.	W	eiaht	Arm	High precision	0	61		1.2		
ž	(	ka)	(-3) with 2	Basic	0.	.57		1.2		2.6
ш	Ì	5/	Arms	High precision	0.	.63		1.4	2	2.8
			Motor	size		20	[	⊐28		42
c			Moto	or			Step motor (S	Servo 24VDC)	•	
tio			Enco	der				,	(-()	
fice		(An	gular displace	ement sensor)	Incremental A/B phase (800 pulse/rotation)					
eci	l		Rated volta	ge(VDC)	24 ± 10%					
sb		Power consumption(W) <sup>Note 6)</sup> 11 22			34					
ric.		Stand	by power co	nsumption when		7		10		10
ect	L		operating(	W) Note 7)		1		12		15
Ш	_	Max	k.instantane	ous				40		57
powe		power consumption(W) <sup>Note 8)</sup>		19	42		57			

Note 1) Pushing Torque accuracy should be ±30%(F.S.) for LER10, ±25%(F.S.) for LER30, ±20%(F.S.) for LER50.

Note 2) The Angular acceleration, angular deceleration and angular speed may fluctuate due to variations in the moment of inertia. Refer to the catalog.

Note 3) The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthemore, if the cable length exceeds 5m then it will decrease by up to 10% for each 5m. (At 15m : Reduced by up to 20%)

Note 4) A reference value for correcting an error in reciprocal operation.

Note 5) Impact resistance: No malfunction occured when the rotary actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the rotary actuator in the initial state)

Vibration resistance: No malfunction occured in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz. Test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw.

(The test was performed with the rotary actuator in the initial state)

Note 6) The "Power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.

Note 7) The "Standby power consumption when operating" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during the operation, except for during the pushing operation.

Note 8) The "Momentary max power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.





1	Table	accuracy	

Nil	Basic type			
Н	High precision type			

#### ② Size

10
30
50

#### ③ Max rotating torque [N · m]

Symbol	Туре	LER10	LER30	LER50
K	High torque	0.32	1.2	10
J	Basic	0.22	0.8	6.6

#### ④ Rotation angle [°]

Symbol	LER10	LER30	LER50				
Nil	310	320					
2	External stopper : 180						
3	Ext	ernal stopper	: 90				

#### (5) Motor cable entry

Nil	Basic (Entry on the right side)
L	Entry on the left side

#### 6 Actuator cable type\*1

Nil	Without cable		
s	Standard cables		
R	Robotic type cables (Flexible type cables)*2		

\*1 The standard cable should be used on fixed parts. For using on moving parts, select the robotic cable.

\*2 Fix the motor cable protruding from the actuator to keep it unmovable. For details about fixing method, refre to Wiring/Cables in the Electric Actuators Precautions.

#### ⑦ Actuator cable length [m]

Nil	Without cable	8	8 *
1	1.5	Α	10 *
3	3	В	15 *
5	5	С	20 *

\* produced upon receipt of order.

(Only "Robotic type cables" can be selected.)

#### (8) Controller /Driver type \*

Nil	Without controller		
6N	LECP6	NPN	
6P	(Step date input type)	PNP	
1N	LECP1	NPN	
1P	(Program-less type)	PNP	
MI	LECPMJ	-	
WJ	(CC-link direct input type)		
AN	LECPA	NPN	
AP	(Pulse input type)	PNP	
<b>C</b> 9	JXC9		
0.9	(EtherNet/IP direct input type)	-	

\* For details about controllers/driver and compatible motors,

refer to the compatible controllers/driver below.

#### (9) I/O cable length [m] / 6\* 1\* A\* \*

Nil	Without cable			
1	1.5			
3	3			
5	5			
Communication plug connector / MJ*				
Nil	None			
S	Straight type			
Т	T branch type			
Number of axis, and type of power supply / C9				
1	1 axis, DC24V			

\* When "Without controller/drivers" selected for controller/driver type, I/O cable, Communication plug connector,

Number of axis, and type of power supply could not be selected.

#### ① Controller / Driver option

#### 6\* 1\* A\* MJ

Nil	Screw mounting type		
D	DIN rail mounting type *		
C9			
7	Screw mounting type		
8	DIN rail mounting type *		

\* DIN rail is not included, Order it separately.



#### 2.1.3 Construction



## **Parts list**

No.		Part	Material	Remarks		
1		Body	Aluminium alloy	Anodized		
2	S	Side plate A	Aluminium alloy	Anodized		
3	S	lide plate B	Aluminium alloy	Anodized		
4	V	/orm screw	Stainless steel	Heat treated, Specially treated		
5	V	/orm wheel	Stainless steel	Heat treated, Specially treated		
6	Be	earing cover	Aluminium alloy	Anodized		
7		Table	Aluminium alloy	Anodized		
8		Joint	Stainless steel			
9	Be	earing holder	Aluminium alloy			
10	Bea	aring retainer	Aluminium alloy			
11	Star	ting point bolt	Carbon steel			
12	Pulley A		Aluminium alloy			
13	Pulley B		Aluminium alloy			
14	Grommet		NBR			
15	Ν	Notor plate	Carbon steel			
16	Basic Deep groove ball bearing		-			
10	High precision Special ball bearing		-			
17	Deep g	groove ball bearing	-			
18	Deep groove ball bearing		-			
19	Deep (	groove ball bearing	-			
20		Belt	-			
21	Step mo	tor (Servo/24VDC)	-			

# External stopper



# Parts list

No.	Part	Material	Remarks
22	Table	Aluminium alloy	Anodized
23	Arm	Carbon steel	Nickel plated
24	Holder	Aluminium alloy	Anodized
25	Adjustment bolt	Carbon steel	Chromating

#### 2. 2 LER Series (Continuous rotation / 360° type ) 2.2.1 Specification

	Model			LER*10K	LER*10J	LER*30K	LER*30J	LER*50K	LER*50J
	Rotation Angle (°) <sup>) Note 9)</sup>		360						
	Angle range (°) Note 9)					±2000	00000		
		Max. Rotation	Torque(N·m)	0.32	0.22	1.2	0.8	10.0	6.6
	Ρι	shing Torque 40~5	50%(N·m) <sup>Note 1) Note 3)</sup>	0.13~0.16	0.09~0.11	0.48~0.60	0.32~0.40	4.0~5.0	2.6~3.3
	Μ	ax. Moment of Ine	ertia(kg·m <sup>2</sup> ) Note 2)	0.004	0.0018	0.035	0.015	0.13	0.05
		Rotation Speed(%	/sec) Note 2) Note 3)	20to280	30to420	20to280	30to420	20to280	30to420
-		Pushing Spe	eed(°/sec)	20	30	20	30	20	30
-		Angular acc	eleration/						
	1	Angular decelerat	ion(°/sec <sup>2</sup> ) Note 2)			3,0	000		
e		Dealdeah <sup>(9)</sup>	Basic	. (			± (	).2	
ţ		backlash(*)	High precision	±(	J.3		± (	).1	
0	D	opostability (°)	Basic	+ 0	05		± 0	.05	
860		epealability ()	High precision	±0	.05		± 0	.03	
/ 3		et motion (°) Note 4)	Basic	030	r loss		0.3 o	r less	
UO	L03		High precision	0.5 0	1 1633		0.2 o	r less	
icati	In	npact resistance/vi	bration resistance			150	)/30		
Scif		Actuation	n type			Worm dea	ar and belt		
spe		Radial load	Basic	7	8	19	96	3	14
o	bad	(N)	High precision	8	6	23	33	3	78
uat	le le	Thrust load	Basic	7	8	36	63	4	51
Act	Push(N) High precision		10	07	398		517		
1	No	Thrust load	Basic	74		407			
	еа	/Pull(N)	High precision	/	4	197		296	
	abl	Moment	Basic	2.4		5.3		9.7	
	F	(N∙m)	High precision	2.9 6.4 12.0			2.0		
		Max. operating fre	equency(c.p.m)			6	0		
		Operating tempera	ature range (°C)			5 to	o 40		
_		Operating humidit	ty range (%RH)		ç	0 or less (No	condensation	1)	
		Weight (kg)	Basic	0.51		1	1.2 2.3		.3
		weight (kg)	High precision	0.	55	1	.3	2	.5
		Motor	size		20		28		42
	Motor		Step motor (Servo 24VDC)						
L.	Encoder		Incremental A/B phase (800 pulse/rotation)						
atio	Proximity sensor (for Return to original								
ifice	position)/ Input circuit		2 wire						
peci	Proximity sensor (for Return to original		1 outputs						
c s	position/ input number     Sector voltage(VDC)		24 + 10%						
ctri		Power consum	$\frac{190(120)}{100}$	1	1	212	2	3	4
<u>e</u>	S	tandby power co	onsumption when	-	-				
		operating(	W) Note 7)	7	(	1	2	1	3
		Max.instantane	eous		0		0	-	7
		power consum	ption(W) <sup>Note 8)</sup>	1	Э	4	2	5	1

Note 1) Pushing Torque accuracy should be ±30%(F.S.) for LER10, ±25%(F.S.) for LER30, ±20%(F.S.) for LER50.

Note 2) The Angular acceleration, angular deceleration and angular speed may fluctuate due to variations in the moment of inertia. Refer to the catalog.

Note 3) The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5m then it will decrease by up to 10% for each 5m.(At 15m : Reduced by up to 20%)

Note 4) A reference value for correcting an error in reciprocal operation.

Note 5) Impact resistance: No malfunction occured when the rotary actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw.

(The test was performed with the rotary actuator in the initial state)

Vibration resistance: No malfunction occured in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz. Test was performed in both an

axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw.

(The test was performed with the rotary actuator in the initial state)

Note 6) The "Power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. Note 7) The "Standby power consumption when operating" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during the operation, except for during the pushing operation.

Note 8) The "Momentary max.power consumption" (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.

Note 9) The Monitor angle is reset to 0° every 360°. Select INC (Relative) for setting the angle (position).

If setting the angle above 360° with ABS (Absolute), the actuator will not operate correctly.





|--|

Nil	Basic type
Н	High precision type

#### ② Size

10
30
50

#### ③ Max rotating torque [N·m]

Symbol	Туре	LER10	LER30	LER50	
к	High torque	0.32	1.2	10	
J	Basic	0.22	0.8	6.6	

#### ④ Rotation angle [°]

-	<u> </u>			
Symbol	LER10	LER30	LER50	
1		360		

#### **5 Motor cable entry**

Nil	Basic (Entry on the right side)
L	Entry on the left side

#### 6 Actuator cable type\*1\*2

Nil	Without cable				
s	Standard cables				
R	Robotic type cables (Flexible type cables)*3				
*4 The standard schola shauld be used on five durate					

\*1 The standard cable should be used on fixed parts. For using on moving parts, select the robotic cable.

\*2 Actuator cable is equipped with a lock and sensor.

\*3 Fix the motor cable protruding from the actuator to keep it unmovable. For details about fixing method, refre to Wiring/Cables in the Electric Actuators Precautions.

#### ⑦ Actuator cable length [m]

S								
Nil	Without cable	8	8 *					
1	1.5	Α	10 *					
3	3	В	15 *					
5 5 C 20*								
* produced upon receipt of order.								

(Only "Robotic type cables" can be selected.)

#### ⑧ Controller /Driver type \*

Nil	Without controller					
6N	LECP6	NPN				
6P	(Step date input type)	PNP				
MJ	LECPMJ (CC-link direct input type)					
C9	C9 JXC9 (EtherNet//P direct input type)					

\* For details about controllers/driver and compatible motors,

refer to the compatible controllers/driver below.

#### I/O cable length [m] / 6\* \*

Nil	Without cable						
1	1.5						
3	3						
5	5						
Communication plug connector / MJ*							
Nil	None						
S	Straight type						
Т	T branch type						
Number of axis, and type of power supply / C9							

1 axis, DC24V
 \* When "Without controller/drivers" selected for controller/driver type,
 I/O cable, Communication plug connector,

Number of axis, and type of power supply could not be selected.

#### ① Controller / Driver option

6+ MJ				
Nil	Screw mounting type			
D	DIN rail mounting type *			
C9				
7	Screw mounting type			
8	DIN rail mounting type *			

\* DIN rail is not included, Order it separately.



#### 2.2.3 Construction



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7

15





High precision



# Parts list

**Basic** 

6

No.		Part	Material	Remarks
1		Body	Aluminium alloy	Anodized
2	S	Side plate A	Aluminium alloy	Anodized
3	5	Side plate B	Aluminium alloy	Anodized
4	V	Vorm screw	Stainless steel	Heat treated, Specially treated
5	V	Vorm wheel	Stainless steel	Heat treated, Specially treated
6	B	earing cover	Aluminium alloy	Anodized
7		Table	Aluminium alloy	Anodized
8		Joint	Stainless steel	
9	Be	earing holder	Aluminium alloy	
10	Be	aring retainer	Aluminium alloy	
11		Pulley A	Aluminium alloy	
12		Pulley B	Aluminium alloy	
13	Grommet		NBR	
14	Motor plate		Carbon steel	
15	Basic	Deep groove ball bearing	-	
15	High precision	Special ball bearing	-	
16	Deep	groove ball bearing	-	
17	Deep	groove ball bearing	-	
18	Deep	groove ball bearing	-	
19		Belt	-	
20	Step mo	otor (Servo/24VDC)	-	
21	Proximity dog		Stainless steel	
22	S	ensor holder	Carbon steel	Chromating
23	Sens	or holder spacer	Aluminium alloy	Anodized (high precision type only)
24		Square nut	Aluminium alloy	
25	Proximit	y sensor assembly	-	



When the controller setting software/version is below 1.1, the display unit is distance (mm), but the product recognizes it as an angle (°). To upgrade the software, please go to the operation manual page of the SMC website. <a href="http://www.smcworld.com/">http://www.smcworld.com/</a>



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#### **3.2 Setting Function**

Refer to the operation manual of the cotroller (LEC series) for details of the setting function.

#### Easy Mode for simple setting

#### >Select "Easy mode" for instant operation

#### **Controller setting software**

Setting and operation, such as the step data setting, test drive and JOG / fixed-distance moving, can be performed on the same page.



#### **Teaching box**

- > Setting and operation by the simple screen without scrolling.
- Select function by the iconized menu at the first page.
- > Step data setting and monitoring at the second page.



Example of setting the step data

Example of checking the operation status

#### Normal mode for the detailed setting

#### >Select "Normal mode" if the detailed setting are necessary.

- > Step data can be set in detail.
- Parameters can be set.
- > Signals and terminal condition can be monitored.
- JOG and fixed distance movement, return to origin position, test operation and testing of compulsory output can be done.

#### Controller setting soft ware

Every function, step data, parameter, monitor and teaching are indicated in a different window.



#### Teaching box

- > The data in the controller can be saved / forwarded in this teaching box.
- > Continuous test operation can be made after specifying five step data.



Monitoring screen

PC: Controllersetting sftware TB: Teaching box O: Available function

X: Not available function

Fu	Inction	Content	Easy mode		Normal mode	
	Movement method	Can be selected of absolute / relative position move	PC	IB		
	Sneed	Can be set in units of 1°/s	0	^	0	
	Position	Can be set in units of $1.75$ .	0	0	0	
	Acceleration		0	0	0	
	Deceleration	Can be set in units of 1°/s <sup>2</sup> .	0	0	0	
Step data	Pushing force	Can be set in units of 1%. / In case of positioning operation: Set to 0%.	0	0	0	
(Except)	Trigger LV	Trigger LV of target pushing force when pushing operation: Can be set in units of 1%.	0	×	0	
	Pushing speed	Can be set in units of 1°/s.	0	×	0	
	Moving force	100%	0	×	0	
	Area output	Can be set in units of 0.01°.	0	×	0	
	In position	During positioning operation: Width to the target position. It should be set to 0.5° ro more. During pushing operation: How much it moves during pushing.	0	×	0	
	Stroke(+)	+ side limit of position. (Can be set in units of 0.01°)	×	×	0	
Parameter	Stroke(-)	- side limit of position. (Can be set in units of 0.01°).	×	×	0	
(Except)	ORIG direction	Direction of the return to the original position can be set		×	0	
	ORIG speed	d Speed when returning to the original position can be set.		×	0	
	ORIG ACC	ORIG ACC Acceleration when returning to origin can be set.		×	0	
	JOG	It can make continuous operation at the set speed while the switch is being pressed	0	0	0	
	MOVE	It can make test operation at the set distance and speed from the current position when the switch is pressed.	0	×	0	
Test	Rerurn to ORIG	Test of return to origin can be done.	0	0	0	
	Test drive	The operation of the specified step data can be tested.	0	0	O (Continuous operation)	
	Force output	ON/OFF of the output terminal can be tested.	×	×	0	
Monitor	DRV mon	Current position, current speed, current force and the specified step data No. can be monitored.	0	0 0 0		
WORKO	In/Out mon	Current ON/OFF status of the input and output terminal can be monitored.	×	×	0	
ALM	Status	The alarm currently being gen erated can be confirmed, and be reset.	0	0	0	
	ALM Log record	The alam generated in the past can be confirmed.	×	×	0	
File	Save - Load	The step data and parameter of the objective controller can be saved, forwarded and deleted.	×	×	0	
Other	Language	Language can be changed to Japanese / English.		○ *2	○ *2 *3	

\*1 Every parameter is set to the recommended condition before shipment from the factory. Only change the setting of the items which require adjustment.

\*2 Teaching box: In the Normal mode the teaching box can be set to work in English or Japanese.

\*3 Controller setting software: Can be installed by selecting English version or Japanese version.



#### 3.3 Step data setting method

Refer to the operation manual of the controller (LEC series) for details.

This operation manual specifies the electric rotary actuator, if an actuator other than the electric rotary actuator is used, refer to the operation manual of each type of actuator and controller (LEC series) regarding the description of step data.



# **Positioning operation**

In the positioning operation, the electric rotary actuator moves to and stops at the target position. The following image shows the setting items and operation.

<Confirmation of reaching the target position during the positioning operation>

When the table of the rotary actuator reaches the range of the target position, the "target position reaching signal" [INP] (in position) is outputted.

When the table of the rotary actuator enters the range of [In position], the INP output signal turns on.





<Items and set values in positioning operation>
Step No. 0: Positioning operation

	a	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	j		k
No.	Move M	Speed	Position	Accel	Decel	PushingF	TriggerLV	PushingSp	MovingF	Area1	Area2	In pos
		°/s	0	° /s^2	° /s^2	%	%	°/s	%	o	o	o
0	ABS	200	0. 00	3000	3000	0	0	0	100	20.00	40.00	0. 50
1	ABS	200	180.00	3000	3000	50	50	30	100	179.00	181.00	5.00

[ $\odot$ ] Need to be set • [O]Need to be adjusted as required

[X] Not used. Items don't need to be changed in positioning operation.

<ul> <li>a &lt;<sup>©</sup> Movement MOD&gt; When the absolute position is required, set Absolute When the relative position is required, set Relative</li> <li>⇒ Absolute: Distance from the origin position. / General setting method Relative: Feed from the current position. / This is used when simplified data.</li> </ul>
b < Speed> Transfer speed to the target position.
c < Position> Target position.
d <o acceleration=""> The parameter which defines how rapidly the actuator reaches the speed set in b The higher the set value, the faster it it reaches the speed set in b.</o>
e <o deceleration=""> The parameter which defines how rapidly the actuator comes to stop. The higher the set value, the quicker it stops.</o>
f < Pushing force> Set O. (If values other than 0 set, the operation will be changed to the pushing operation.)
g <x lv="" trigger=""> h <x pushing="" speed=""></x></x>
i <o force="" moving=""> Max. force at the positioning operation. The force is automatically adjusted corresponding to the load. /See 6.3 Caution (2) on p. 40</o>
j <o area1,="" area2=""> This is the condition that turns on the AREA output signal. The setting condition should be Area 1<area 2.<br=""/>It is possible to set at Relative operation too. The position will be Absolute (position from the origin). Example) In case of Step no.0</o>
[AREA] output signal is outputted between Area 1:20 and Area 2:40.
<ul> <li>k <o in="" position=""> This is the condition that turns on the INP (in position) output signal.</o></li> <li>⇒ When the electric rotary actuator reaches the range of the target position, the INP output signal is output.</li> <li>When the electric actuator enters the range of [in position], the INP output signal turns on.</li> <li>When it is necessary to output the target position reaching signal earlier, make the value larger.</li> </ul>
Note) Default: Set the value more than 【0.50】. <u>Example) In case of Step no.0</u> Position: 0 + In position: 0.5 = 【INP】 is outputted from the value of 0.5.

# Pushing operation

The table move to the target position and hold a work piece with the set pushing force. The figure shows setting items and operation. The setting items and values are described below.

#### < Confirmation of reaching the target value during the pushing operation>

The "target position reaching signal" INP (in position) is generated when the target pushing force (Trigger LV) is achieved.

Also, if the actual pushing force exceeds the Trigger LV, the INP signal is turned on.





<pre><items and="" of="" operation="" pushing="" setting="" values=""></items></pre>												
S	tep no	. 1: Pu:	shing o	perati	on	£		L.				
No.	Move M	D Speed	C Position	Accel	Decel	T PushingF	<u> </u>	PushingSp	MovingF	Area1	Area2	K In pos
0 4	BS	<mark>°/s</mark> 200	° 0.00	<mark>°/s^2</mark> 3000	<mark>°/s^2</mark> 3000	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>	°/s 0	<u>%</u> 100	° 20.00	° 40_00	° 0.50
1 A	BS	200	180.00	3000	3000	50	50	30	100	179.00	181.00	5.00
(©)	. ♥】 Need to be set • [○] Need to be adjusted as required											
		e wovern		Wh	en the r	elative p	osition is	s require	d. set Rel	ative		
			⇒ Abso	lute : Di	stance f	rom the	origin po	sition.	.,			
	Relative : Feed from the current position											
	b <@	) Speed>	> Trans	ferring s	speed to	the targ	et positic	on.				
	(	D Positio	n> Tara	et nositi	on							
			Note) WI	hen the	table is	to be st	topped b	by an ex	ternal ob	ject, set	the pro	duct to a
			ро	sition c	of at lea	st 1 deg	rees aw	ay from	the worl	k piece.	(This p	osition is
			re	ierrea ta	) as the	pusning	start pos	sition). / s	566 0.32:	2Caution	i (5) on p	0.41
	d <0	) Accelei	ration> T	he parar	neter whi	ich define	s how rap	oidly the a	ctuator rea	aches the	e speed s	et in b
				The high	er the se	et value, th	ne faster i	t it reache	es the spee	ed set in	b.	
			rations	The na	ramatar	which de	fines ho	w ranidh	the actu	iator cor	nes to st	on
		Decele	Tation	The hig	her the	set value	, the qui	cker it st	ops.		1163 10 31	.op.
	f_<@	Pushing	g force>	Pushir	ng force	ratio is d	efined.	Note) 4	0% to 509	%		
	g <0	) Triaae	r LV> Th	e condit	tion at w	hich INP	output s	sianal is t	urned on			
			Se	et it at th	ne value	equivale	ent to the	pushin	g force			
			- Thal		utoiono		a where the	ha taraat	/ See 6.3	3 🛆 Ca	aution (3)	on p. 40
			The I	NP outp	ut signa	l is turne	d on whe	en the ge	enerated	force ex	ceeds th	eved. ie value.
				·	0			0				
	h <0	Pushin	ng speed>	> The p	oushing s	speed		16 41- 0	an a a d i a	too bial	. the ex	
			⇒ Set ti workc	ne spee piece ca	a in the n be dai	maged b	g range. v the imr	. If the	speed is	too nigi	n, the ac	tuator or
			Note) L	ER*K s	eries: 20	) °/sec , l	_ER*J se	eries: 30	°/sec			
			forces	The upr	oor force	limit for	the nucl	ning one	ration sta	rtina no	sition	
		, woving	101062	The for	ce is aut	omatical	ly adjust	ed corre	sponding	to the lo	bad.	
									/See	6.3∆Ca	aution (2)	on p. 40
		Aroal	Aroo2> 7	Chie ie tl	no condi	ition that	turne on	tho ADE		cional		
		Aleal, I	AIEaZ>	The set	ting con	dition sh	ould be	Area 1 </td <td>Area 2.</td> <td>siynai.</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Area 2.	siynai.		
				It is pos	sible to	set at Re	elative op	peration.				
				The pos	sition wil	l be Abso	olute (po	sition fro	m the ori	gın).		
	k <@	🔊 In posi	tion> Th	e transf	er distar	nce (relat	ive value	e) when	pushing			
			If the	e transfe	erred dis	tance ex	ceeds th	e setting	, it stops	even if i	t is not p	oushing.
			If the	e transfe	pushing	ice is exc i)	ceeded, t	the INP (	output sig	inal will	not be ti	urned on.
		Example	) In case	e of Step	<u>o no.1</u>	17						
		Position	n: 180 + p	ositionir	ng width	:5 =18	5 (The po	sition whe	ere the inco	mplete p	ushing is	detected.)

# Example of step data entry (1)

< Positioning operation - 【INP】output signal, 【AREA】output signal >

	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j		k
No.	Move M	Speed	Position	Accel	Decel	PushingF	TriggerLV	PushingSp	MovingF	Area1	Area2	In pos
		°/s	٥	° /s^2	° /s^2	%	%	°/s	%	0	0	0
0	ABS	200	0.00	3000	3000	0	0	0	100	20.00	40.00	0. 50

#### • Step data no.0 : Positioning operation (It moves from Position:180[°] to Position:0[°])

Condition 1) The [AREA]output signal is not used.



#### Condition 2) The [AREA]output signal is used.

\*The [AREA]output signal is a signal output when the rod traverses through a certain range (The step data: Area 2 from Area 1).

This feature is useful when an output to check the rod position at intermediate stroke is required.



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# Example of step data entry (2)

- Pushing operation - [INP]output signal, [AREA]output signal >

	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j		k
No.	Move M	Speed	Position	Accel	Decel	PushingF	TriggerLV	PushingSp	MovingF	Area1	Area2	In pos
		°/s	٥	° /s^2	° /s^2	%	%	°/s	%	0	o	0
0	ABS	200	40.00	3000	3000	50	40	30	100	0.00	60.00	50.00

#### • Step data no.0 : Positioning operation. (It moves to End limit after it moves from 180° to 40°.)

Condition 1) The [AREA]output signal is not used.



/See 6.3 Acaution(3) on p.36

Condition 2) The [AREA]output signal is used.

\* The [AREA]output signal is a signal output when the rod traverses through a certain range (The step data: Area 2 from Area 1).

This feature is useful when an output to check the rod position at intermediate stroke is required.



# Example of step data entry (3)

< Pushing operation - In position >

	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j		k
No.	Move M	Speed	Position	Accel	Decel	PushingF	TriggerLV	PushingSp	MovingF	Area1	Area2	In pos
		°/s	0	° /s^2	° /s^2	%	%	°/s	%	0	0	0
0	ABS	200	60.00	3000	3000	50	40	30	100	20.00	60.00	40.00

# • Step data no.0 : Pushing operation

#### ("Pushing operation" is done during 40° after it moves from 100° to 60°.)



Condition 1) Length to work < In position

Condition 2) Length to work > In position



# Example of step data entry (4)

#### < Pushing operation – Driving starting position >

The pushing action is different and dependent upon the starting position and derection. Confirm the position where the pushing operation starts.

	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j		k
No.	Move M	Speed	Position	Accel	Decel	PushingF	TriggerLV	PushingSp	MovingF	Area1	Area2	In pos
		°/s	0	° /s^2	° /s^2	%	%	°/s	%	0	0	•
0	ABS	200	100.00	3000	3000	0	0	0	100	0.00	0.00	0. 50
1	ABS	200	0.00	3000	3000	0	0	0	100	0.00	0.00	0. 50
2	ABS	200	40.00	3000	3000	50	40	30	100	20.00	40.00	20.00



to Step no.2



Condition 2) In case the pushing operation is

to Step no.2



Caution
When the operation is discontinued by EMG-Stop or drive-stop Drive-stop and the pushing operation is commanded just after restart, the moving direction depends on the operation-starting position.
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**SMC** 

#### Operating procedure and input / output signals for each operation.

The input / output signal and the operation description for operating this electric actuator are as follows.

#### 1) Signals along with the operation procedures

In case the operation order is

1. Supply power to the motor  $\rightarrow$  2. Return to origin  $\rightarrow$  3. Step no. 1  $\rightarrow$  4. Step no. 2  $\rightarrow$  5. Cut power to the motor

Procedure	Input signal	Output signal to the input signal	Operation description
1	SVON (Servo on) [•]	SVRE (Servo ready) [●]	Power is supplied to the motor, and detection of the magnetic pole position starts. => Completion.
2	SETUP [•]	SETON [•] INP (IN position) [•]	Returning to the origin starts. =>Completion.
3	IN0 [●] IN1 [ ] IN2 [ ] IN3 [ ] IN4 [ ] IN5 [ ] ↓ DRIVE [●]⇒[ ]Note 3) 5)	OUT0 [•] OUT1 [ ] OUT2 [ ] OUT3 [ ] OUT3 [ ] OUT4 [ ] OUT5 [ ] ↓ After reaching of target position, INP [•] After stopping motion, BUSY [ ]	Step no. 1 is selected, and the operation starts. ⇒ Complete.
4	IN0 [ ] IN1 [●] IN2 [ ] IN3 [ ] IN4 [ ] IN5 [ ] ↓ DRIVE [●]⇒[ ]Note 3) 5)	OUT0 [ ] OUT1 [•] OUT2 [ ] OUT3 [ ] OUT3 [ ] OUT4 [ ] OUT5 [ ] ↓ After reaching of target position, INP [•] After stopping motion, BUSY [ ]	Select the step no. 2, and the operation starts. ⇒ Complete.
5	SVON [ ]	SVRE [ ] SETON [•] Note 2) INP [•]	Power to the motor is cut.

Note 1) [•] means ON, [ ] means OFF.

Note 2) The origin has been recognized when the operation is repeated, so it can operate without the procedure item 2.

Note 3) The "OUT\*" signals are reset during the rising edge of the Drive signal. The "OUT\*" signal which follows the "IN\*"signal are outputted at the falling edge of the "drive" signal.

Note 4) When the alarm is generated, the alarm group is displayed. Please confirm the controller (LEC series) manual for a detailed content of the alarm.

Note 5) Leave an interval of 15ms (the recommendation is 30ms) or more between input signals and maintain the state of the signal for 15ms (the recommendation is 30ms) or more, because PLC processing delays and controller scanning delays can occur.

#### 2) Signals when stopped: In the event when "EMG" is used

#### The operating sequence is $1. \text{ "Stop"} \rightarrow 2.$ Release the "Stop"

Procedure	Input signal	Output signal for the input signal	Operation description
1	EMG: Not energizing (TB / Stop switch: Locking	* ESTOP[ ] SVRE [ ] SETON [•]	Power to the motor is cut by the "Stop" command regardless of whether it is operating or stopping.
2	EMG: Energizing (TB / Stop switch: Releasing	* ESTOP[●] SVRE [●] SETON [●] Note 2)	The stop is released.

Note 1) [•] means ON, [ ] means OFF. \* means negative logic

Note 2) SETON signal does not change after releasing the "STOP".

Note 3) If the stop is input from the EMG or RESET terminal or the stop-switch on the connected Teaching Box during pushing operation, the actuator stop.

("Busy"signal turns OFF) And if the actuator stop within the range of "Position" $\pm$  "In pos" defined in step data,output signal "INP" turns ON.

#### Continuous rotation / 360° type setting

- 1) Precautions for setting Continuous rotation / 360° type
  - (1) The Monitor angle will be reset to  $0^{\circ}$  every  $360^{\circ}$ .
  - (2) Select Relative for setting the angle (position).
    - If the setting angle is over 360° with ABS (Absolute), the actuator will not operate correctly.
  - (3) Please set the range of output signal "Area" to 0°-359.99°.
- The actuator stopped in the middle of the stroke due to emergency stop or alarm.
   If Relative is selected in the next step, movement to the correct position will not be available.
   Restart operation after moving back to 0° position using the procedure below.
- 3) Setting range of continuous rotation

If the set range of continuous rotation exceeds +/-9999.990, use the controller kit (LEC-W2). Teaching box (LEC-T1) has a limit for the display angle.

- (1) Controller setting kit / LEC-W2 Relative method ±2000000.00°(Approx. 55555 rotations)
   (2) Teaching box / LEC-T1 Relative method ±9999.99°(Approx. 27 rotations)
- 4) Setting method of continuous rotating. Following is setting of three continuous rotation without stopping.

Movement MOD [Relative] / [Position] 1080°

Moreover, when output signal "Area" is set, the signal will output three times in three rotations because of the signal setting range 0°-359.99°.

# 3.4 Parameter setting method Initial setting for the basic parameters

Refer to the controller's (LEC series) operation manual for detail. As the "basic parameter" is unique data of each actuator, if an actuator other than the rotary actuator is used, refer to the operation manual of each actuator and the controller's (LEC series) operation manual for the basic parameter.

Description (Extract)	Initial input value	Input range				
Controller ID	1	1 to 64 Note 1)				
IO pattern	1: 64	-				
ACC/ DCC pattern	1:Trapezoid - motion	-				
S-motion rate	0	-				
	1000.00					
Stroke (+)	/ Basic ,External stopper(-2,3) 10000000.00 /360°type(-1)	-				
	-1000.00					
Stroke (-)	/ Basic ,External stopper(-2,3) -10000000.00 /360°type(-1)	-				
Max spood	Max. speed of each	Step data input limit:				
	product	Max. speed of each product				
Max ACC / DCC	3,000	Step data input limit: 3,000 at the maximum				
Def In position	0.50	-				
ORIG offset	0.00 / Basic,360°type(-1) 5.00/ External	-				
Max force	50 Stopper(-2,3)	Stop data input limit: 40 to 50				
Max Torce	50	Changeable parameter				
Para protect	1:Common+StepDate	1: Common + StepData, 2: Common				
Enable SW	2: Disable	Select 1:Enable or 2:Disable when using a teaching box				
Linit name	Part no. of each	Only the English characters and numbers are				
Onit hame	product	changeable.				
W-AREA1	0.00	-				
W- AREA2	0.00	-				
ORIG Correct	0.00	-				
Sensor type	1	-				
Option set1	0	-				
Undefined parameter 11	0	-				
Undefined parameter 12	0	-				

Note1) Become effective after restarting the controller.

#### <Return to origin>

Before the positioning and pushing operation, "return to origin" is necessary to establish the origin. The current position value of the electric rotary table increases if the "S" to "O" direction (move in the CW direction). (The table moving direction to be increased cannot be changed.)



# Initial setting for the ORIG parameters

Refer to the controller's (LEC series) operation manual for detail.

As the "ORIG parameter" is unique data of each actuator, if an actuator other than the electric rotary actuator is used, refer to the operation manual of each actuator and the controller's (LEC series) operation manual for the for the "ORIG parameters".

Description (Extract)	Initial input value	Input range
ORIG direction	2:CCW / Basic ,External stopper(-2,3) 1:CW /360° type (-1)	1:CW ("O" direction) 2:CCW ("S" direction) Note 1)
ORIG mode	1:Stop / Basic ,External stopper(-2,3) 3:Sensor1 /360° type (-1)	1: Pushing origin operation[Stop] Note 3) 2:Limit switch origin[Sensor] 3: Limit switch origin1[Sensor1]
ORIG limit	100	0 / 40 to 100 Note 2)
ORIG time	100	-
ORIG speed	20 / LER*K 30 / LER*J	-
ORIG ACC/DEC	500	-
Creep speed	20 / LER*K 30 / LER*J	-
ORIG sensor	0:Disable / Basic ,External stopper(-2,3) 1: Contact a /360° type (-1)	0:Disable 1: Contact a 2: Contact b
ORIG SW Dir	0	-
Undefined parameter 21	0	-

Note1) Become effective after restarting the controller.

Note2) Return to origin cannot return while operating. / See 5.1 Caution (4) on p. 34

Note3) Setting Return to origin to the position of the proximity sensor is available only for 360° type. 3.Limit switch origin1[Sensor1] recognizes the sensor detection range as the origin. While detecting the sensor, the rotary table rotates in the reverse direction in the sensor detection range.

## 4. Wiring of cables / Common precautions

#### **A**Warning

1. Adjusting, mounting or wiring change should never be done before shutting off the power supply to the product.

Electrical shock, malfunction and damaged can result.

- 2. Never disassemble the cable. Use only specified cables.
- 3. Never connect or disconnect the cable or connector with power on.
- ▲ Caution
- 1. Wire the connector securely. Do not apply any voltage to the terminals other than those specified in the product manual.
- 2. Wire the connector securely. Check for correct connector wiring and polarity.
- Take appropriate measures against noise. Noise in a signal line may cause malfunction. As a countermeasure, separate high voltage and low voltage cables, and shorten wiring lengths, etc.
- 4. Do not route wires and cables together with power or high voltage cables. The product can malfunction due to interference of noise and surge voltage from power and high voltage cables to the signal line. Route the wires of the product separately from power or high voltage cables.
- 5. Take care that actuator movement does not catch cables.
- 6. Operate with cables secured. Avoid bending cables at sharp angles where they enter the product.
- 7. Avoid twisting, folding, rotating or applying an external force to the cable.

Risk of electric shock, wire break, contact failure and loss of control for the product can happen.

8. Fix the cable protruding from the product in place before using. The motor and lock cables are not robotic type cables and can be damaged when moved. Therefore fix the cables and the connectors (part "A" in figure below) when set up



9. Select "Robotic type cables" in case of inflecting actuator-cable repeatedly. And do not put cables into a flexible moving tube with a radius smaller than the specified value. (Min. 50mm). Risk of electric shock, wire break, contact failure and loss of control for the product can happen if "Standard cables" are used in case of inflecting the cables repeatedly

10. Confirm proper wiring of the product.

Poor insulation (interference with other circuits, poor insulation between terminals and etc.) can apply excessive voltage or current to the product causing damage.

11. The Speed / pushing force may vary, depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions etc..

If the cable length exceeds 5m, the speed / pushing force will be reduced by a maximum of 10% per 5m. (If cable length is 15m: Maximum 20% reduction.)

#### [Transportation]

#### ▲ Caution

1. Do not carry or swing the product by the motor or cable

#### 5. Electric actuators / Common precautions

#### 5.1 Design and selection

#### 

- Be sure to read the Operation Manual (this manual and the one for the controller: LEC series). Handling or usage/operation other than that specified in the Operation Manual may lead to breakage and operation failure of the product. Any damage attributed to the use beyond the specifications is not guaranteed.
- 2. There is a possibility of dangerous sudden action by the product if sliding parts of machinery are twisted due to external forces etc. In such cases, human injury may occur, such as by catching hands or feet in the machinery, or damage to the machinery itself may occur. Design the machinery should be designed to avoid such dangers.
- 3. A protective cover is recommended to minimize the risk of personal injury. If a driven object and moving parts of the product are in close proximity, personal injury may occur. Design the system to avoid contact with the human body.
- 4. Securely tighten all stationary parts and connected parts so that they will not become loose. When the product operates with high frequency or is installed where there is a lot of vibration, ensure that all parts remain secure.
- 5. Consider a possible loss of power source.

Take measures to prevent injury and equipment damage even in the case of a power source failure.

- 6. Consider behavior of emergency stop of whole system. Design the system so that human injury and/or damage to machinery and equipment will not be caused, when it is stopped by a safety device for abnormal conditions such as a power outage or a manual emergency stop of whole system.
- 7. Consider the action when operation is restarted after an emergency stop or abnormal stop of whole system.

Design the system so that human injury or equipment damage will not occur upon restart of operation of whole system.

8. Never disassemble or modify (including additional machining) the product.

An injury ro failure can result.

It will cause the loss of the product performance.

9. Do not use the stop signal, "EMG" of the controller and stop switch on the teaching box as the emergency stop of system.

The stop signal, "EMG" of controller and the stop switch on the teaching box are for decelerating and stopping the actuator.

Design the system with an emergency stop circuit which is applied relevant safety standard separately.

**10.** When using it for vertical application, it is necessary to build in a safety device. The rod may fall due to the weight of work. The safety device should not interfere with normal operation of the machine.

#### ▲ Caution

- Operate within the limits of the maximum usable stoke. The product will be damaged if it is used with the stroke which is over the maximum stroke. Refer to the specifications of the product.
- 2. When the product repeatedly cycles with partial strokes, operate it at a full stroke at least once a day or every 1000 strokes.

Otherwise, lubrication can run out.

3. Do not use the product in applications where excessive external force or impact force is applied to it.

The product can be damaged. Each component that includes motor is made with accurate tolerance. So even slightly deformed or miss-alignment of component may lead operation failure of the product.



- 4. Rerutning to origin cannot be done during the operation.
  - It cannot be done during positioning operation, pushing operation and pushing.
- 5. Refer to a common auto switch /matter (Best Pneumatics No 2) when an auto switch is built in and used.
- 6. When conformity to UL is required, the electric actuator and controller should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.

#### 5.2 Mounting

#### A Warning

- 1. Install and operate the product only after reading the Operation Manual carefully and under standing its contents. Keep the manual in a safe place future reference.
- 2. Observe the tightening torque for screws.

Tighten the screws to the recommended torque for mounting the product.

3. Do not make any alterations to this product.

Alterations made to this product may lead to a loss of durability and damage to the product, which can lead to human injury and damage to other equipment and machinery.

- 4. When using external guide, the guide axis should be parallel to the actuator axis. There will be damage/excessive wear on the lead screw if the external guide is not parallel.
- 5. When an external guide is used, connect the moving parts of the product and the load in such a way that there is no interference at any point within the stroke.

Do not scratch or dent the sliding parts of the product tube or piston rod etc., by striking or grasping them with other objects. Components are manufactured to precise tolerances, so that even a slight deformation may cause faulty operation.

6. Prevent the seizure of rotating parts.Prevent the seizure of rotating parts (pins, etc.) by applying grease.

7. Do not use the product until you verify that the equipment can operate properly.

After mounting or repair, connect the power supply to the product and perform appropriate functional inspections to check it is mounted properly.

#### 8. At the overhang mounted impeller fixation

There is a possibility that the power at the bending moment damages the actuator when moving it at high speed.

The support metal fittings that suppress the vibration of the main body of the actuator are installed. Lower and use speed for the state that the actuator doesn't vibrate.

9. When attaching the product body or work piece, do not apply strong impact or large moment. If an external force over the allowable moment is applied, it may cause looseness in the guide unit, an increase in sliding resistance or other problems.

#### 10. Maintenance space

Allow sufficient space for maintenance and inspection.

#### 5.3 Handling

#### 🗥 Warning

1. Do not touch the motor while in operation.

The surface temperature of the motor can increase to approx. 80°C due to operating conditions. Energizing alone may also cause this temperature increase. As it may cause burns, do not touch the motor when in operation.

- 2. If abnormal heating, smoking or fire, etc., occurs in the product, immediately shut off the power supply.
- **3.** Immediately stop operation if abnormal operation noise or vibration occurs. If abnormal operation noise or vibration occurs, the product may have been mounted incorrectly. Unless operation of the product is stopped for inspection, the product can be seriously damaged.
- 4. Never touch the rotating part of the motor or moving part of the actuator while in operation.
- 5. When installing, adjusting, inspecting or performing maintenance on the product, controller and related equipment, be sure to shut off the power supply to them. Then, lock it so that no one other than the person working can turn the power on, or implement measures such as a safety plug.
- 6. In the case of the actuator that has a servo motor (24VDC), the "motor phase detection step" is done by inputting the servo on signal just after the controller power is turned on.

The "motor phase detection step" moves the table/rod for the distance of the one screw-lead as the maximum. (The motor rotates in the reverse direction if the table hits an obstacle such as the end stop damper.) Take the "motor phase detection step" into consideration for the installation and operation of this actuator.

# ▲ Caution

1. Keep the controller and product combined as delivered for use.

The product is set in parameters for shipment. If it is combined with a different parameter, failure can result.

- 2. Check the product for the following points before operation.
  - a) Damage to electric driving line and signal line.
  - b) Looseness of the connector to each power line and signal line.
  - c) Looseness of the actuator /cylinder and controller /driver mounting
  - d) Abnormal operation
  - e) Emergency stop of the total system
- 3. When more than one person is performing work, decide on the procedures, signals, measures and resolution for abnormal conditions before beginning the work. Also, designate a person to supervise work other than those performing work.
- 4. Actual speed of the product will be changed by the workload.

Before selecting a product, check the catalog for the instructions regarding selection and specifications.

5. Do not apply a load, impact or resistance in addition to a transferred load during return to origin.

In the case of the return to origin by pushing force, additional force will cause displacement of the origin position since it is based on detected motor torque.

- 6. Do not remove the nameplate.
- 7. Operation test should be done by low speed. Start operation by predefined speed after confirming there is no trouble.

# [Earth]

🗥 Warning

- 1. Please give the earth to the actuator.
- 2. Please make it to the earth of exclusive use. The earth construction is D seed. (Below earth resistance  $100\Omega$ )
- 3. Please shorten the distance until the actuator and earth.



# [Unpackaging]

#### ▲ Caution

1. Check the received product is as ordered.

If the different product is installed from the one ordered, injury or damage can result.

#### 5.4 Operating environment

#### 🗥 Warning

#### 1. Avoid use in the following environments.

- a. Locations where a large amount of dusts and cutting chips are airborne.
- b. Locations where the ambient temperature is outside the range of the temperature specification (refer to specifications).
- c. Locations where the ambient humidity is outside the range of the humidity specification (refer to specifications).
- d. Locations where corrosive gas, flammable gas, sea water, water and steam are present.
- e. Locations where strong magnetic or electric fields are generated.
- f. Locations where direct vibration or impact is applied to the product.
- g. Areas that are dusty, or are exposed to splashes of water and oil drops.
- h. Areas exposed to direct sunlight (ultraviolet ray).
- 2. Do not use in an environment where the product is directly exposed to liquid, such as cutting oils. If cutting oils, coolant or oil mist contaminates the product, failure or increased sliding resistance can result.
- Install a protective cover when the product is used in an environment directly exposed to foreign matters such as dust, cutting chips and spatter.
   Play or increased sliding resistance can result.
- 4. Shade the sunlight in the place where the product is applied with direct sunshine.
- 5. Shield the valve from radiated heat generated by nearby heat sources. When there is a heat source surrounding the product, the radiated heat from the heat source can increase the temperature of the product beyond the operating temperature range. Protect it with a cover, etc.
- 6. Grease oil can be decreased due to external environment and operating conditions, and it deteriorates lubrication performance to shorten the life of the product.

# [Storage]

#### A Warning

- 1. Do not store the product in a place in direct contact with rain or water drops or is exposed to harmful gas or liquid.
- 2. Store in an area that is shaded from direct sunlight and has a temperature and humidity within the specified range (-10°C to 60°C and 90%RH or less No condenstation or freezing).
- 3. Do not apply vibration and impact to the product during storage.

#### 5.5 Maintenance

#### 🗥 Warning

- Do not disassemble or repair the product. Fire or electric shock can result. Contact SMC, in case of disassembly for the maintenance.
- 2. Before modifying or checking the wiring, the voltage should be checked with a tester 5 minutes after the power supply is turned off.
  - Electrical shock can result.
- ▲ Caution
- 1. Maintenance should be performed according to the procedure indicated in the Operating Manual.

Incorrect handling can cause an injury, damage or malfunction of equipment and machinery.

2. Removal of product

When equipment is serviced, first confirm that measures are in place to prevent dropping of work pieces and run-away of equipment, etc, and then cut the power supply to the system. When machinery is restarted, check that operation is normal with actuators in the proper positions.

## [Lubrication]

ZA Caution

1. The product has been lubricated for life at manufacturer, and does not require lubrication in service.

When lubrication is applied, special grease must be used.

#### 5,6 Precautions for actuator with lock

#### 🗥 Warning

- 1. Do not use the lock as a safety lock or a control that requires a locking force. The lock used for the product with a lock is designed to prevent dropping of work piece.
- 2. For vertical mounting, use the product with a lock. If the product is not equipped with a lock, the product will move and drop the work piece when the power is removed.
- 3. "Measures against drops" means preventing a work piece from dropping due to its weight when the product operation is stopped and the power supply is turned off.
- 4. Do not apply an impact load or strong vibration while the lock is activated. If an external impact load or strong vibration is applied to the product, the lock will lose it's holding force and damage to the sliding part of the lock or reduced lifetime can result. The same situations will happen when the lock slips due to a force hight than its holding force, as this will accelerate the wear to the lock.
- 5. Do not apply liquid or oil and grease to the lock or its surrounding. When liquid or oil and grease are adhered to the sliding part of the lock, its holding force will reduce significantly. Or, lock sliding part performance and condition changes may be cause of lock release malfunction.
- 6. Take measures against drops and check that safety is assured before mounting, adjustment and inspection of the product.

If the lock is released with the product mounted vertically, a work piece can drop due to its weight.

- 7. When the actuator is operated manually (when SVRE output signal is off), supply 24DCV to the [BK RLS] terminal of the power supply connector. If the product is operated without releasing the lock, wearing of the lock sliding surface will be accelerated, causing reduction in the holding force and the life of the locking mechanism.
- 8. Do not supply 24VDC power supply constantly to the [BK RLS(Lock release)] terminal. Stop supplying 24VDC power supply to the [BK RLS(Lock release) terminal during normal operation. If power is supplied to the [BK RLS] terminal continuously, the lock will be released, and workpieces may be dropped at stop (EMG).

/Refer to the operation manual of LEC (controller) for details of wiring.



#### 6. Electric Rotary Table /Specific Product Precautions

#### 6.1 Design and selection

/ Warning

1. If the operating conditions involve load fluctuations, ascending/descending movements, or changes in the frictional resistance, ensure that safety measures are in place to prevent injury to the operator or damage to the equipment

Failure to provide such measures could accelerate the operating speed, which may be hazardous to humans, machinery, and other equipment.

2. Power failure may result in a decrease in the pushing force; ensure that safety measures are in place to prevent injury to the operator or damage to the equipment. When the product is used for clamping, the clamping force could be decreased due to power failure, potentially creating a hazardous situation in which the work piece is released.

#### ▲ Caution

1. If the operating speed is set too fast and the moment of inertia is too large, the product could be damaged.

Set appropriate product operating conditions in accordance with the model selection procedure.

2. If more precise repeatability of the rotation angle is required, use the product with an external stopper, with repeatability of  $\pm 0.01^{\circ}$  (180° and 90° with adj. of  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ ) or by directly stop the workpiece using an external object utilizing the pushing operation.

#### 6.2 Mounting

#### / Caution

- 1. Do not drop or hit the rotary actuator to avoid scratching and denting the mounting surfaces. Even slight deformation can cause the deterioration of accuracy and operation failure.
- 2. When mounting the rotary actuator use screws with adequate length and tighten them with adequate torque within the specified torque range.

Tightening the screws with a higher torque than recommended may cause malfunction, whilst the tightening with a lower torque can cause the displacement of the mounting position or in extreme conditions the actuator could become detached from its mounting position.

#### Mounting the workpiece to the rotary table

Mount the workpiece to the table using the screw length and tightening torque specified in the table below. Using long screws which interfere with the body may cause operation failure.

Part no.	Bolt	Screw length [mm]	Max. tightening torque [Nm]
LER*10	M4×0.7	6	1.4
LER*30	M5×0.8	8	3.0
LER*50	M6×1	10	5.0

#### Rotary actuator mounting (thro holes)



Part no.	Bolt	Max. tightening torque [Nm]
LER*10	M5×0.8	3.0
LER*30	M6×1	5.0
LER*50	M8×1.25	12.0

#### Rotary actuator mounting (tapped holes)



Part no.	Bolt	Max. tightening torque [Nm]	Max. thread depth L[mm]
LER*10	M6×1	5.0	12
LER*30	M8×1.25	12.0	16
LER*50	M10×1.5	25.0	20

- 3. The mounting face has holes and slots for positioning. If required use them for accurate positioning of the rotary actuator.
- 4. If it is necessary to operate the product when it is not energized, use the manual override screws.

When the product is operated with the manual override screws, check the position of the manual override of the table, and leave necessary space. Do not apply excessive torque to the manual override screws that could lead to damage and malfunction of the product.

5. The proximity sensor for the return to origin for 3600 type can be rotated +/-30°. If the position of the proximity sensor for return to origin is changed, the tightening torque must be 0.6 +/-0.1 [Nm]



#### 6.3 Handling

#### /! Caution

1. If an external guide is mounted, connect it so that impact and load will not be applied to it. Use a freely moving connector (such as a coupling).

## 2. The positioning force should be set to 100% of the the initial value. If the positioning force is set below the initial value, there may be variation in the cycle time, or an alarm may be generated.

#### 3. INP output signal

#### 1) Positioning operation

When the product comes within the set range by step data [In position], output signal will be turned on. Initial value: Set to [0.50] or higher.

#### 2) Pushing operation

When the pushing force exceeds the [TriggerLV] value the INP (In position) output signal is turned on. Please set the [Pushing force] and the [TriggerLV] within the specified range.

- a. To ensure that the actuator pushes the workpiece by the inputted [pushing force], it is recommended that the [TriggerLV] is set to the same value as the [pushing force].
- b. When the [TriggerLV] and [pushing force] are set to be less than the lower limit of the specified range, there is the possibility that the INP output signal will be switched on from the pushing operation start position.

<	Pushing	force	and	trigger	LV	range	>
---	---------	-------	-----	---------	----	-------	---

Model	Set value of pushing force[%]	Set value of TriggerLV[%]
LER*	40~50	40~50

4. When the load is tobe stopped by the product with an external stopper or an external object directly, utilize the "pushing operation". Do not stop the table with an external object by positioning operation and in the range of the positioning operation. If the product is used in the positioning operation, there may be galling or other problems when it

If the product is used in the positioning operation, there may be galling or other problems when it comes into contact with the external object.

5. When the table is stopped by pushing operation (stopping or clamping), set the product to a position of at least 1 ° away from a work piece (This position is referred to as a pushing start position).

If the pushing operation (stopping or clamping) is set to the same position as the externally stopping position, the following alarms may be generated and operation may become unstable.

#### <u>a. "Posn failed" alarm</u>

The product cannot reach a pushing start position due to the deviation of work pieces in width.

#### <u>b. "Pushing ALM" alarm</u>

The product is pushed back from a pushing start position after starting to push.

#### <u>c. "Err overflow" alarm</u>

The displacement at the pushing start position exceeds the specified range.

- 6. If the table is stopped by an external object, there is no backlash effect in pushing operation. The return to origin position is set by pushing operation.
- 7. In the external stopper specification, an angle adjustment screw (adjuster bolt) is mounted as the standard specification.

The rotation angle adjustment range is  $+/-2^{\circ}$  from the angle rotation end.

If the adjustment range is exceeded, the rotation angle may change due to insufficient strength of the external stopper.

The angle adjustment of the adjuster bolt is 1 ° /rotation (reference).

- 8. In case that gravity is added to the work-piece along the rotation direction when product is mounted vertically, the work-piece may fall down when "SVON" signal is OFF or EMG is not energizing.
- 9. When mounting the product, keep a 40 mm or longer diameter for bends in the motor cable.

#### 10. Grounding method of the actuator.

- 1. The cross-sectional area of this wire shall be a minimum of 2 mm<sup>2</sup>.
- 2. Avoid common grounding with other devices.



#### 6.4 Maintenance

#### Varning

1. The high precision bearing is assembled by pushing into position. It is not possible to disassemble it.



# 7. Troubleshooting

Alarms below are abstract of representative examples.

For other alarms, see operation manual of controller.

No.	Phenomenon	Cause	Countermeasure
1	The display unit is distance (mm) due to the controller setting software.	When the controller setting software/version is below 1.1, the display unit is distance (mm), but the product recognizes it as an angle(°)	If it is necessary to change it to the angle display, please upgrade the controller setting software. To upgrade the software, please go to the operation manual page of SMC website. http://www.smcworld.com/
2	Fail to operate / Initial stage When power is supplied, alarm for "Phase Det ALM /code: 1-193" is generated.	<ol> <li>The cable is not connected or has been disconnected.</li> <li>The load/resistance being applied to the actuator constantly exceeds the actuators specification.</li> </ol>	Confirm that the cable is connected correctly. /See 4. Wiring of cable on p. 33 Keep the load/resistance within the specified range. /See Specifications on p.10 ,p14
	↓ <procedure of="" restart=""> "Turn the power supply off." ↓ "Turn the power supply on"</procedure>	3) The combination of the controller and the rotary actuator is not correct.	The controller and rotary actuator combination at the time of shipment should not be changed. /See 5.3 Caution(1) on p.36
		4) Excessive external force is being applied, (including vibration) or impact load.	Operate within the specified range. /See 2.1 Specifications on p.9 Release the warm using the manual override. /See 6.2 Caution(5) on p.40
	Alarm for "Step data ALM1 /code:1-048" is generated ↓ <procedure of="" restart=""> Input the "reset signal."</procedure>	Setting condition for step data is not correct. < Correct set condition > (1)Area 1 < Area 2 (2) Trigger LV≦Pushing force (3) Pushing speed≦Speed (4) Pushing force≧Min. pushing force (40 %)	Review the content of step data. / Refer to the LEC controller operation manual.
	Alarm for "Servo off ALM /code: 1-098" is generated ↓ <procedure of="" restart=""> Input the "reset signal."</procedure>	Perform positioning, pushing operation, return to origin and jog operation during the "SVON":OFF.	Provide the operation instruction after confirming that the input signal [SVON] is ON and then the output signal [SVRE] is ON.
	Alarm for "Drive ALM /code: 1-099" is generated. ↓ <procedure of="" restart=""> Input the "reset signal."</procedure>	Perform positioning, pushing operation before the "retun to origin".	Provide the operation instruction after confirming that the input signal [SETUP] is ON and then the output signal [SETON] is ON.
	"ORIG direction" cannot be change.	After the "ORIG direction"is changed, the controller power supply has not been turned OFF.	Become effective after restarting the controller. /See "Initial setting for the ORIG parameters" on p.32

No.	Phenomenon	Cause	Countermeasure
3	Operation not completed / Operation continue	1) The lead screw had galling due to excessive external force	Operate within the specified range /See Specifications on p10,p14
	Alarm for "Posn failed /code: 1-149" is generated.	(including vibration) or impact.	Release the warm using the manual override. /See 6.2 Caution (5) on p.40
	↓ <procedure of="" restart=""> Input the "reset signal." →"SVRE": Automatically ON</procedure>	2) The Power supply does not have sufficient capacity.	Check the power consumption for each actuator and controller: If necessary replace the existing power supply with a power supply with sufficient capacity.
		<ol> <li>Load/resistance more than specified range is being applied to the actuator.</li> </ol>	Use within specifications on p10,p14 /See Specifications on p10,p14
		<ol> <li>The pushing operation is performed at the "Positioning operation" position.</li> </ol>	Check the step data. "-2-3", Or if you have to stop the load directly in the external, set to pushing operation, please use. /See 6.3 Caution (5) on p.41
		<ol> <li>For the pushing operation: The position and the target start pushing position are not set correctly.</li> </ol>	Check the step data. /See 6.3 Caution (5) on p.41
		6) The cable is not connected or has been disconnected.	Confirm that the cable is connected correctly. /See 4. Wiring of cable on p.33
		<ol> <li>It was not the intended origin position because the rotary actuator pinched the work-piece during the "return to origin".</li> </ol>	Remove the work-piece and restart the return to the intended origin position.
		8) Wrong input [0] is input as the positioning force.	Check the step data. <moving force=""> /See "Step data setting" on p.22,24</moving>
		<ol> <li>9) The step data position has not been changed correctly after the return to origin direction is changed.</li> </ol>	Check the step data. <position> /See "Step data setting" on p.22,24</position>
		10) Because the operation of the step data is set to [INC/relative], the table comes	Check the step data. <position> /See "Step data setting" on p.22,24</position>
		object and does not move due to continuous operation. (Rotathion end etc.)	Check if correct operation instruction is provided.

No.	Phenomenon	Cause	Countermeasure
3	Alarm for "Pushing ALM	1) For the pushing operation, the	Check the step data.
	/code: 1-096" is generated.	position, target start-pushing	/See 6.3 (Caution (5) on p.41
	Ļ	position, is not set correctly.	
	<procedure of="" restart=""></procedure>	2) It was not intended origin	Remove the work-piece and
	Input the "reset signal."	actuator pinched work-piece	command again the returning to
	→"SVRE": Automatically ON	during returning retun to origin.	origin that is intended.
	Operation is not completed	1) If the power supply is an	Replace the power supply with a
	/ Operation continue	"inrush-current restraining	non "inrush-current restraining
	Alarm for "Over motor Vol	type", the alarm may be	type" power supply.
	/code: 1-145" is generated.	generated due to voltage drop.	/ Refer to the LEC controller
	Ļ		operation manual.
	<procedure of="" restart=""></procedure>	2) The Power supply does not have	each actuator and controller:
	Input the "reset signal."	sufficient capacity.	If necessary replace the existing
	$\rightarrow$ SVRE : Automatically ON		power supply with a power
			supply with sufficient capacity.
		1) The lead screw had galling due	Operate within the specified range
	Alarm for " Err overflow	to excessive external force	/See 2.1 Specifications on p.9
	/code: 1-196" is generated.	(including vibration) or impact.	Release the warm using the
	Ļ	(	manual override.
	<procedure of="" restart=""></procedure>		/See 6.2 <b>A</b> Caution (5) on p.40
	"Turn the power supply off."	2) The Power supply does not have	Check the power consumption for
	Ļ	sufficient capacity.	each actuator and controller:
	"Turn the power supply on"		If necessary replace the existing
			power supply with a power
			supply with sufficient capacity.
			/See Specifications on p10,p14
		3) Load/resistance more than	Use within specification range.
		specified range is being applied	/See Specifications on p10,p14
		to the actuator.	
		4) The pushing operation is	Check the step data."-2-3", Or if
		performed at the "Positioning	you have to stop the load directly
		operation" position.	in the external, set to pushing
			operation, please use. (See 6.2 $\bigwedge$ Caution (5) on p.41
		5) For the pushing operation:	Check the step data
		The position and the target start	/See 6 3 Caution (5) on p 41
		pushing position are not set	,000 0.0 <u> </u>
		correctly.	
		6) The cable is not connected	Confirm that the cable is
		or has been disconnected.	connected correctly.
			/See 4. Wiring of cable on p.33
		7) It was not the intended origin	Remove the work-piece and
		position because the rotary	restart the return to the intended
		actuator pinched the work-piece	origin position.
		during the "return to origin".	



No.	Phenomenon	Cause	Countermeasure
3	Alarm for " Err overflow /code: 1-196" is generated. ↓	<ol> <li>Wrong input [0] is input as the positioning force.</li> </ol>	Check the step data. <moving force=""> /See "Step data setting" on p.22,24</moving>
	<procedure of="" restart=""> "Turn the power supply off." ↓ "Turn the power supply on"</procedure>	<ol> <li>The step data position has not been changed correctly after the return to origin direction is changed.</li> </ol>	Check the step data. <position> /See "Step data setting" on p.22,24</position>
		10) Because the operation of the step data is set to [INC/relative], the table comes	Check the step data. <position> /See "Step data setting" on p.22,24</position>
		into contact with an external object and does not move due to continuous operation. (Rotathion end etc.)	Check if correct operation is provided.
	Operation not completed	<ol> <li>Command invalid (unregistered) step data.</li> </ol>	Check if the step data is valid (registered).
	/ During operation (Not always, but may happen occasionally) Alarm for "Step data ALM2 /code: 1-051" is generated.	<ol> <li>Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, because of a too short an interval between the input signal of the "IN*" and the "Drive" or inputting the signals at the same time.</li> </ol>	Add an interval of 15ms (the recommendation is 30ms) or more between the input signals. / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on P.29
	Procedure of restart> Input the "reset" signal.	<ol> <li>Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, because the input signal time was too short.</li> </ol>	Add an interval of 15ms (the recommendation is 30ms) or more between the input signals. / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on P.29
		<ol> <li>Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, caused by PLC or other device.</li> </ol>	Check that the step number is inputted correctly for the required motion.
	<ul> <li>Operation completed by unexpected motion.</li> <li>No alarm</li> <li>/ During operation</li> <li>(Not always, but may happen occasionally)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, because of a too short an interval between the input signal of the "IN*" and the "Drive" or inputting the signals at the same time.</li> </ol>	Add an interval of 15ms (the recommendation is 30ms) or more between the input signals. / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on P.29 Note) Recommend to check the "OUT" output signal for more secure operation
		<ol> <li>Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, because the input signal time was too short.</li> </ol>	Add an interval of 15ms (the recommendation is 30ms) or more between the input signals. / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on P.29 Note) Recommend to check the "OUT" output signal for more secure operation.
		<ol> <li>Different input signal to the expected step number is inputted to the controller, caused by PLC or other device.</li> </ol>	Check that the step number is inputted correctly for the required motion. / See "Operating procedure input and output signals for each operation type" on P.29 Note) Recommend to check the "OUT" output signal for more secure operation.



No.	Phenomenon	Cause	Countermeasure
4	"INP" output signal is unstable.	1) The value of [In position] in	Check the step data.
		step data is too small.	<in pos=""></in>
	Positioning completion signal [INP]		(Minimum value:0.5)
	is not outputted.		/See "Step data setting" on p.22
	"INP" output signal is [OFF].	1)The value of "In pos" is input	Input the value of "In pos" larger
	"INP" output signal is [OFF] even	forward of work.	than length to work.
	after the pushing operation is		/See "Example of step data entry
	completed.		(3)" on p.27
5	Positioning repeatability is out of	1) It shifts to the next operation by	Go to the next operation after
	specified range.	receiving the "INP" output	receiving the "BUSY" output
		signal.	signal is outputted.
6	I he operation time is delayed to	1) The inertia moment-angle	Check this with the model
	the step date setting.	acceleration and deceleration	selection stated in the catalog.
		and effective torque - angular	
		speed exceed the specified	
		range.	
7	Damage	1) Abnormal external force	Interference of mechanism,
			eccentric load or excess load
			leads to cause deformation or
			damage of the actuator. Eliminate
			these factors.
8	The rod of the actuator with vertical	1) The inertia moment-angle	Check this with the model
	mounting vibrates repeated up and	acceleration and deceleration	selection stated in the catalog.
	down.	and effective torque - angular	
		speed exceed the specified	
		range.	

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<ul> <li>Addition / LER*-1 Series. (360°Type)</li> </ul>
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No.LER-OM00206
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·How to Order
·Change of specification
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