## Electric Actuators

# Compact and lightweight 

- Maximum pushing force: 11 llbf (50N)
- Positioning repeatability: $\pm 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$
- Possible to set position, speed and force. (64 points)



## Compact and lightweight

## Slide Table Type Series LEPS

Rod Type series LEPY
Weight $\underset{\text { (LEPY6■-25) }}{0} 5000$

## Motor type can be selected to suit the application. <br> (Size 10 only) <br> - High pushing force type/basic type - Compact and lightweight motor type



## Application Examples



## Variations

| Type | Size | Screw lead | Pushing force [lbf] |  | Max. work load [lb] (Horizontal) |  | Max. work load [lb] (Vertical) |  | Max. speed [mm/s] (Horizontal) |  | Stroke [mm] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Basic | Compact | Basic | Compact | Basic | Compact | Basic | Compact |  |
| Rod type Series LEPY | 6 | 4 | 3.14 to 4.5 | - | 2.2 | - | 1.1 | - | 150 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 50 \\ & 75 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 8 | 1.6 to 2.2 | - | 1.7 | - | 0.55 | - | 300 | - |  |
|  | 10 | 5 | 5.6 to 11.2 | 5.4 to 9.0 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 200 | 200 |  |
|  |  | 10 | 2.8 to 5.6 | 2.7 to 4.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 350 | 350 |  |
| Slide table type Series LEPS | 6 | 4 | 3.14 to 4.5 | - | 2.2 | - | 1.1 | - | 150 | - | 2550 |
|  |  | 8 | 1.6 to 2.2 | - | 1.7 | - | 0.55 | - | 300 | - |  |
|  | 10 | 5 | 5.6 to 11.2 | 5.4 to 9.0 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 200 | 200 |  |
|  |  | 10 | 2.8 to 5.6 | 2.7 to 4.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 350 | 350 |  |

## Mounting Variations

## Mounting from various directions




## Motor Cable Entry Direction

Can be selected from 4 directions.


## Offering 2 Types of Controller

## Step data input type series LECP6

## Simple Setting to Use Straight Away

 © Easy Mode for Simple Setting
## If you want to use it right away, select "Easy Mode."

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) LECP6

## <When a PC is used> Controller setting software

- Step data setting, test operation, move jog and move for the constant rate can be set and operated on one screen.


Move jog
Start testing

Step data setting

Move for the constant rate


## Programless type series LECP1

## No Programming

Step Motor
Capable of setting up an electric actuator operation without using a PC or teaching box

(2) Setting a stop position

Moving the actuator to a stop position using FORWARD and REVERSE buttons


Features 3

## © Normal Mode for Detailed Setting

## Select normal mode when detailed setting is required.

- Step data can be set in detail.

Signals and terminal status can be monitored.

- Parameters can be set.
- JOG and constant rate movement, return to origin, test operation and testing of forced output can be performed.


## <When a PC is used>

 Controller setting software- Step data setting, parameter setting, monitor, teaching, etc., are indicated in different windows.


The actuator and controller are provided as a set. (They can be ordered separately.)
Confirm that the combination of the controller and the actuator is correct.
<Check the following before use.>
(1) Check the actuator label for model number. This matches the controller.
(2) Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).


Controller


Function

| Item | Step data input type LECP6 | Programless type LECP1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step data and parameter setting | - Input the numerical value from controller setting software (PC) <br> - Input the numerical value from teaching box | - Select using controller operation buttons |
| Step data "position" setting | - Input the numerical value from controller setting software (PC) <br> - Input the numerical value from teaching box <br> - Direct teaching <br> - JOG teaching | - Direct teaching <br> -JOG teaching |
| Number of step data | 64 points | 14 points |
| Operation command (I/O signal) | Step No. [IN*] input $\Rightarrow$ [DRIVE] input | Step No. [ $\mathrm{IN}^{*}$ ] input only |
| Completion signal | [INP] output | [OUT** output |

## Setting Items

TB: Teaching box PC: Controller setting software

|  | Item | Details | Step data input type LECP6 | Easy mode |  | Normal mode | Programless type LECP1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TB | PC | TB, PC |  |
| Step data setting (Excerpt) | Movement method | Selection of "absolute position" and "relative position" | Set at ABS/INC | $\times$ | $\bullet$ | - | Fixed value (ABS) |
|  | Speed | Transfer speed | Set in units of $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | Select from 16-level |
|  | Position | [Position]: Target position <br> [Pushing]: Pushing start position | Set in units of 0.01 mm | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | Direct teaching JOG teaching |
|  | Acceleration/Deceleration | Acceleration/deceleration during movement | Set in units of $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ | - | - | - | Select from 16-level |
|  | Pushing force | Rate of force during pushing operation | Set in units of $1 \%$ | - | - | - | Select from 3-level (weak, medium, strong) |
|  | Trigger LV | Target force during pushing operation | Set in units of $1 \%$ | $\times$ | - | $\bullet$ | No setting required (same value as pushing force) |
|  | Pushing speed | Speed during pushing operation | Set in units of $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ | $\times$ | - | - | Fixed value |
|  | Positioning force | Force during positioning operation | Set to 100\% | $\times$ | - | $\bullet$ | Fixed value |
|  | Area output | Conditions for area output signal to turn ON | Set in units of 0.01 mm | $\times$ | - | - | - |
|  | In position | [Position]: Width to the target position <br> [Pushing]: How much it moves during pushing | Set to 0.5 mm or more (Units: 0.01 mm ) | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | Fixed value |
| Parameter setting (Excerpt) | Stroke (+) | + side limit of position | Set in units of 0.01 mm | $\times$ | $\times$ | - | Fixed value |
|  | Stroke (-) | - side limit of position | Set in units of 0.01 mm | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bullet$ | Fixed value |
|  | ORIG direction | Direction of the return to the original position can be set. | Compatible | $\times$ | $\times$ | - | Compatible |
|  | ORIG speed | Speed when returning to the original position | Set in units of $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | - | Fixed value |
|  | ORIG ACC | Acceleration when returning to the original position | Set in units of $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bullet$ | Fixed value |
| Test | JOG |  | Continuous operation at the set speed can be tested while the switch is being pressed. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | Hold down MANUAL button $(\otimes \odot)$ for uniform sending (speed is specified value) |
|  | MOVE |  | Operation at the set distance and speed from the current position can be tested. | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | Press MANUAL button ( (®) once for sizing operation (speed, sizing amount are specified values) |
|  | Return to ORIG |  | Compatible | - | - | - | Compatible |
|  | Test drive | Operation of the specified step data | Compatible | - | - | (Continuous operation) | Compatible |
|  | Forced output | ON/OFF of the output terminal can be tested. | Compatible | $\times$ | $\times$ | - | - |
| Monitor | DRV mon | Current position, speed, force and the specified step data can be monitored. | Compatible | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | - |
|  | In/Out mon | Current ON/OFF status of the input and output terminal can be monitored. | Compatible | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| ALM | Status | Alarm currently being generated can be confirmed. | Compatible | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | Compatible (display alarm group) |
|  | ALM Log record | Alarm generated in the past can be confirmed. | Compatible | $\times$ | $\times$ | - | - |
| File | Save/Load | Step data and parameter can be saved, forwarded and deleted. | Compatible | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\bullet$ | - |
| Other | Language | Can be changed to Japanese or English. | Compatible | - | - | - | - |

Features 5

## System Construction



Rod Type Step Motor (Senor24 voc) Senvo Motor ( 24 VOC)


## Rod Type AC Sevo Motor (H002000 w



CAT.NAS100-83


In-line motor type
Series LEY $\square$ D

| Size | Stroke |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | 30 to 400 |
| $\mathbf{3 2}$ | 30 to 500 |



Slider Type Step Motor (Senol24 VDC) Servo Motor (24 VDC) AC Senv Motor (1002000400 W)


CAT.NAS100-87

| Ball screw drive |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Series LEFS |  |
| Size |  |
| 16 |  |
| 25 |  |$| 100$ to 400 Stroke | 32 |
| :---: |
| 40 |

Ball screw drive
Series LEFS

| Size | Stroke |
| ---: | :---: |
| 25 | 100 to 600 |
| 32 | 100 to 800 |
| 40 | 200 to 1000 |

## Guide Rod Slider Step Motor (Senol24 vDC)

Features 7


Slide Table Step Motor (Seno/24 VDC) Servo Motor ( 24 VDC)


Miniature Step Motor (Sevol 24 VDC$)$


Rotary Table Step Motor (Senole4 vic)

High precision type
Series LERH

| Size | Rotation angle( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) |
| :---: | :--- |


| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $310,180,90$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | $320,180,90$ |




## Driver

AC Servo Motor Driver Incremental type
Series LECSA


## AC Servo Motor Driver

## Absolute type

Series LECSB


## Electric Actuators Series LEPY/LEPS



| Tуре | Size | Stroke (mm) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Screw } \\ & \text { lead } \end{aligned}$ | Pushing force [lbf] |  | Max. work load [lb] (Horizontal) |  | Speed (Horizontal) |  | Controller series | Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Basic | Compact | Basic | Compact | Basic | Compact |  |  |
| Miniature rod type LEPY | 6 | $\begin{gathered} 25,50 \\ 75 \end{gathered}$ | 4 | 3.14 to 4.5 | - | 2.2 | - | 10 to 150 | - | Series LECP6 <br> Series LECP1 | Page 5 |
|  |  |  | 8 | 1.6 to 2.2 |  | 1.7 |  | 20 to 300 |  |  |  |
|  | 10 |  | 5 | 5.6 to 11.2 | 5.4 to 9.0 | 4.4 |  | 10 to 200 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 10 | 2.8 to 5.6 | 2.7 to 4.5 | 3.3 |  | 20 to 350 |  |  |  |
| Miniature slide table type LEPS | 6 | 25, 50 | 4 | 3.14 to 4.5 | - | 2.2 | - | 10 to 150 |  |  | Page 15 |
|  |  |  | 8 | 1.6 to 2.2 |  | 1.7 |  | 20 to 300 |  |  |  |
|  | 10 |  | 5 | 5.6 to 11.2 | 5.4 to 9.0 | 4.4 |  | 10 to | 200 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 10 | 2.8 to 5.6 | 2.7 to 4.5 | 3.3 |  | 20 to | 350 |  |  |

## Controller LEC



LECP1

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## Series LEPY Model Selection

## Selection Procedure



## Positioning Control Selection Procedure

Check the work load - speed. (Vertical transfer)

## Step 2 Check the cycle time.

## Selection Example

Operating
conditions

- Workpiece mass: 0.44 lbs ( 0.2 kg )
- Speed: 200 [mm/s]
- Acceleration/Deceleration: 3000 [mm/s²]
- Stroke: 40 [mm]
- Workpiece mounting condition: Vertical upward downward transfer


## Step 1 Check the work load-speed. <Speed-Vertical work load graph>

Select the target model based on the workpiece mass and speed with reference to the <Speed-Vertical work load graph>.
Selection example) The LEPY6J is temporarily selected based on the graph shown on the right side.

* It is necessary to mount a guide outside the actuator when using for horizontal transfer. When selecting the target model, please refer to the horizontal work load and cautions specified in [Specifications] on page 5.


## Step 2 Check the cycle time.

Calculate the cycle time using the following calculation method.
Cycle time:
$T$ can be found from the following equation.
$\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{T} 1+\mathrm{T} 2+\mathrm{T} 3+\mathrm{T} 4$ [s]

- T1:

Acceleration time and T3: Deceleration time can be obtained by the following equation.
$\mathrm{T} 1=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{a} 1[\mathrm{~s}] \quad \mathrm{T} 3=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{a} 2[\mathrm{~s}]$

- T2:

Constant speed time can be found from the following equation.

$$
\mathrm{T} 2=\frac{\mathrm{L}-0.5 \cdot \mathrm{~V} \cdot(\mathrm{~T} 1+\mathrm{T} 3)}{\mathrm{V}}[\mathrm{~s}]
$$

- T4:

Settling time varies depending on the conditions such as motor types, load and in positioning of the step data. Therefore, please calculate the settling time with reference to the following value.

$$
\mathrm{T} 4=0.2[\mathrm{~s}]
$$

Calculation example)
T 1 to T 4 can be calculated as follows.
$\mathrm{T} 1=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{a} 1=200 / 3000=0.067[\mathrm{~s}], \mathrm{T} 3=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{a} 2=200 / 3000=0.067[\mathrm{~s}]$
$\mathrm{T} 2=\frac{\mathrm{L}-0.5 \cdot \mathrm{~V} \cdot(\mathrm{~T} 1+\mathrm{T} 3)}{\mathrm{V}}=\frac{40-0.5 \cdot 200 \cdot(0.067+0.067)}{200}=0.133[\mathrm{~s}]$
$\mathrm{T} 4=0.2[\mathrm{~s}]$
Therefore, the cycle time can be obtained as follows.
$\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{T} 1+\mathrm{T} 2+\mathrm{T} 3+\mathrm{T} 4=0.067+0.133+0.067+0.2=\mathbf{0 . 4 6 7}[\mathbf{s}]$

## Based on the above calculation result, the LEPY6J-50 is selected.

## Selection Procedure

## Pushing Control Selection Procedure



## Selection Example

Operating conditions

| - Mounting condition: Horizontal (pushing) | - Duty ratio: $70[\%]$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Jig weight: $0.44 \mathrm{lbs}(0.2 \mathrm{~kg})$ | - Speed: $150[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| - Pushing force: $6.7 \mathrm{lbf}(30 \mathrm{~N})$ | - Stroke: $40[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |



Step 1 Check the duty ratio. <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>
Select the [Pushing force] from the duty ratio with reference to the $<$ Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>.
Selection example)
As shown in the below table, the duty ratio is 70 [\%],
so the set value of pushing force will be = Can be used up to 80 [\%]
<Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>
(LEPY10L)

| Set value of <br> pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio <br> [\%] | Continuous <br> pushing time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 70 or less | 100 | - |
| 80 | 70 | 10 |
| 100 | 50 | 5 |



<Force conversion graph> (LEPY10L)

* [Set value of pushing force] is one of the step data input to the controller.
* [Continuous pushing time] is the time that the actuator can continuously keep pushing.


## Step 2 Check the pushing force. <Force conversion graph>

Select the target model based on the set value of pushing force and pushing force with reference to the (Speed-Vertical work load graph).
Selection example)
Based on the graph shown on the right side,

- Set value of pushing force: 75 [\%]
- Pushing force: 6.7 lbf (30N)

Therefore, the LEPY10LK is temporarily selected.
Step 3 Check the lateral load on the rod end. <Graph of allowable lateral load on the rod end>
Confirm the allowable lateral load on the rod end of the actuator:
LEPY10L, which has been selected temporarily with reference to the
<Graph of allowable lateral load on the rod end>.
Selection example)
The jig weight is $1.1 \mathrm{lbs}(0.05 \mathrm{~kg}) \approx 0.11 \mathrm{lbf}(0.5 \mathrm{~N})$ from the table below, so that lateral load on the rod end is allowable.
<Allowable lateral load on the rod end>

| Model | Allowable lateral load on the rod end Ibf [N] |
| :--- | :---: |
| LEPY6 (Basic) | $0.11(0.50)$ |
| LEPY10 (Basic) | $0.22(1.0)$ |
| LEPY10L (Compact) | $0.22(1.0)$ |

## LEPY6 (Basic)



Vertical


LEPY10(L) (Basic/Compact)


Vertical


## LEPY6 (Basic)



| Set value of <br> pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio <br> [\%] | Continuous pushing <br> time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 70 | 100 | - |
| 80 | 70 | 10 |
| 100 | 50 | 5 |

## LEPY10 (Basic)



| Set value of <br> pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio <br> [\%] | Continuous pushing <br> time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 or less | 100 | - |
| 70 | 30 | 3 |
| 100 | 15 | 1 |

## LEPY10L (Compact)



| Set value of <br> pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio <br> [\%] | Continuous pushing <br> time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 70 or less | 100 | - |
| 80 | 70 | 10 |
| 100 | 50 | 5 |

## Allowable Lateral Load on the Rod End

| Model | Allowable lateral load on the rod end $\mathrm{lbf}[\mathrm{N}]$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| LEPY6 (Basic) | $0.11(0.50)$ |
| LEPY10 (Basic) | $0.22(1.0)$ |
| LEPY10L (Compact) | $0.22(1.0)$ |



# Electric Actuator Miniature Rod Type 

How to Order

2 Motor size

| Symbol | Motor size | Applicable size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nil | Basic type | 6,10 |
| L | Compact type | 10 |

3 Lead screw type [mm]

| Symbol | Screw lead |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LEPY6 | LEPY10 |
| K | 4 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{J}$ | 8 | 10 |


| 4 Stroke [mm] |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Symbol | Stroke |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | 25 |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ | 50 |
| $\mathbf{7 5}$ | 75 |

Motor cable mounting direction


6 Actuator cable type*

| Nil | Without cable |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{S}$ | Standard cable |
| $\mathbf{R}$ | Robotic cable (Flexible cable) |

* The standard cable should be used on fixed parts. For using on moving parts, select the robotic cable.


## $\triangle$ Caution

Note) CE-compliant products
EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LEP series and the controller LEC series. The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore conformity to the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result it is necessary for the customer to verify conformity to the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

## The actuator and controller are sold as a package. (Controller $\rightarrow$ Page 25)

Confirm that the combination of the controller and the actuator is correct.

## <Check the following before use.>

(1) Check the actuator label for model number. This matches the controller.
(2) Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).


* Refer to the operation manual for using the products. Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com


Actuator cable length [m]

| Nil | Without cable | $\mathbf{8}$ | $8^{*}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1.5 | $\mathbf{A}$ | $10^{*}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | $\mathbf{B}$ | $15^{*}$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | $\mathbf{C}$ | $20^{*}$ |

* Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only) Refer to the specifications Note 6) on page 7.


## 9 I/O cable length [m]

| Nil | Without cable |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $1.5^{*}$ |
| 3 | $3^{*}$ |
| 5 | $5^{*}$ |

* When "Without controller" is selected for controller types, I/O cable length cannot be selected.


## 8 Controller type

| Nil | Without controller |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6N | LECP6 | NPN |
| 6P | (Step data input type) | PNP |
| 6P | LECP1 | NPN |
| 1N | (Programless type) | PNP |

* For details about controllers and compatible motors, refer to the compatible controllers below.


## 10 Controller mounting

| Nil | Screw mounting |
| :---: | :---: |
| D | DIN rail mounting* |

* Only available for the controller types "6N" and "6P"
DIN rail is not included. Order it separately.
(Refer to page 26.)


## Compatible Controllers




Note 1) Pushing force accuracy is LEPY6: $\pm 30 \%$ (F.S.), LEPY10: $\pm 25 \%$ (F.S.) Refer to page 22 for the detailed setting range and precautions.
The pushing force and the duty ratio are changed by the set value. Check "Force Conversion Graph (Guide)" on page 4 and [14] on page 22.
Note 2) The maximum value of the work load for the positioning operation. An external guide is necessary to support the load. The actual work load and transfer speed are changed by the condition of the external guide.
Note 3) Speed is changed by the work load. Check "Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)" on page 3.
Note 4) When the stroke is 25 mm , the maximum speed will be $250 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$.
Note 5) Set to the pushing force when pushing.
Note 6) The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5 m , then it will decrease by up to $10 \%$ for each 5 m . (At 15 m : Reduced by up to $20 \%$ )

Note 7) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz . Test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Note 8) Power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.
Note 9) Standby power consumption when operating (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during operation. Except during pushing operation.
Note 10) Momentary max. power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.

## Construction



## Component Parts

| No. | Description | Material | Note |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Body | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Screw shaft | Stainless steel | Heat treatment + Specially treated |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Screw nut | Stainless steel | Heat treatment + Specially treated |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Rod | Stainless steel |  |
| 5 | Spider | NBR |  |
| 6 | Hub | Aluminum alloy |  |
| 7 | Socket | Free cutting carbon steel | Nickel plated |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Bearing stopper | Size 6: Aluminum alloy <br> Size 10: Carbon steel |  |
| 9 | Motor plate | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | Guide ring | Aluminum alloy | Size 10 only |
| 11 | Bearing | - |  |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Bushing | Oil impregnated sintered copper alloy |  |
| 13 | Soft wiper | - |  |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | Step motor <br> (Servo/24 VDC) | - |  |

# Electric Actuator/Miniature Rod Type Series LEPY 

## Dimensions

## LEPY6




## Series LEPY

Dimensions


Note 1) Range within which the rod can move when it returns to origin. Make sure a workpiece mounted on the rod does not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the rod. Note 2) Position after return to origin.
Note 3) The number in brackets indicates when the direction of return to origin has changed.
Note 4) Do not apply rotational torque to the rod end.
Note 5) The direction of rod end width across flats ( $\square 12$ ) differs depending on the products.
Dimensions

| Model | L1 | L2 | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | J |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY10 $\square$-25 $\square$ | 138 | 150 | 61.8 | 20 | 22 | 30 | 29 | 20 | 29 | 39 |
| LEPY10 $\square-50 \square$ | 163 | 175 |  | 24 | 43 | 34 | 50 | 24 | 50 | 60 |
| LEPY10 $\square-75 \square$ | 198 | 210 |  | 30 | 72 | 40 | 79 | 30 | 79 | 89 |
| LEPY10L $\square$-25 $\square$ | 124 | 136 | 47.8 | 20 | 22 | 30 | 29 | 20 | 29 | 39 |
| LEPY10L $\square$-50 $\square$ | 149 | 161 |  | 24 | 43 | 34 | 50 | 24 | 50 | 60 |
| LEPY10L $\square$-75 $\square$ | 184 | 196 |  | 30 | 72 | 40 | 79 | 30 | 79 | 89 |

## Selection Procedure

## Selection Example

Operating
conditions

Step 2 Check the cycle time．
Step 3
Check the guide allowable moment．

Check the work load－speed．＜Speed－Horizontal work load graph＞
Select the target model based on the workpiece mass and speed with reference to the
＜Speed－Horizontal work load graph＞．
Selection example）The LEPS6J is temporarily selected based on the graph shown on the right side．

＜Speed－Horizontal work load graph＞ （LEPS6／Step motor）

Step 2 Check the cycle time．
Calculate the cycle time using the following calculation method．
Cycle time：T can be found from the following equation．

$$
\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{T} 1+\mathrm{T} 2+\mathrm{T} 3+\mathrm{T} 4[\mathrm{~s}]
$$

－T1：Acceleration time and T3：Deceleration time can be obtained by the following equation．

－T2：Constant speed time can be found from the following equation

$$
\mathrm{T} 2=\frac{\mathrm{L}-0.5 \cdot \mathrm{~V} \cdot(\mathrm{~T} 1+\mathrm{T} 3)}{\mathrm{V}}[\mathrm{~s}]
$$

－T4：Settling time varies depending on the conditions such as motor types，load and in positioning of the step data．Therefore，please calculate the settling time with reference to the following value．


L ：Stroke［mm］．．．（Operating condition）
V ：Speed［mm／s］．．．（Operating condition）
a1：Acceleration $\left[\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right] .$. （Operating condition）
a2：Deceleration $\left[\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right] \cdots$（Operating condition）
T1：Acceleration time［s］．．．Time until reaching the set speed
T2：Constant speed time［s］．．．Time while the actuator is operating at a constant speed
T3：Deceleration time［s］．．．Time from the beginning of the constant speed operation to stop
T4：Settling time［s］．．．Time until in position is completed

## Series LEPS

## Selection Procedure

## Pushing Control Selection Procedure



* The duty ratio is a ratio at the time that can keep being pushed.


## Selection Example

Operating conditions

| • Mounting condition: Horizontal (pushing) | • Duty ratio: $70[\%]$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Jig weight: $0.88 \mathrm{lbf}(0.4 \mathrm{~kg})$ | - Speed: $150[\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}]$ |
| - Pushing force: $6.7 \mathrm{lbf}(30 \mathrm{~N})$ | • Stroke: $40[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |

Step 1 Check the duty ratio. <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>
Select the [Pushing force] from the duty ratio with reference to the <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>.
Selection example)
As shown in the below table, the duty ratio is : 70 [\%]
so the set value of pushing force will be = Can be used up to 80 [\%]
<Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>
(LEPS10L)

| Set value of <br> pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio <br> (\%) | Continuous <br> pushing time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 70 or less | 100 | - |
| 80 | 70 | 10 |
| 100 | 50 | 5 |

* [Set value of pushing force] is one of the step data input to the controller.
* [Continuous pushing time] is the time that the actuator can continuously keep pushing.


## Step 2 Check the pushing force. <Force conversion graph>

Select the target model based on the set value of pushing force and pushing force with reference to the <Speed-Vertical work load graph>.
Selection example)
Based on the graph shown on the right side,

- Set value of pushing force: 75 [\%]
- Pushing force: $6.7 \mathrm{lbf}(30 \mathrm{~N}$ )

Therefore, the LEPS10LK is temporarily selected.


Duty ratio = A/B x 100 [\%]

<Force conversion graph> (LEPS10L)

## Step 3 Check the guide allowable moment.



Based on the above calculation result, the LEPS10LK-50 is selected.

Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)
LEPS6 (Basic)

## Horizontal



## LEPS10(L) (Basic/Compact)

## Horizontal



Vertical


## Vertical



## Force Conversion Graph (Guide)



## LEPS10 (Basic)



| Set value of pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio [\%] | Continuous pushing time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 or less | 100 | - |
| 70 | 30 | 3 |
| 100 | 15 | 1 |

LEPS10L (Compact)


| Set value of pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio [\%] | Continuous pushing time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 70 or less | 100 | - |
| 80 | 70 | 10 |
| 100 | 50 | 5 |

## Series LEPS

## Dynamic Allowable Moment



Note) This graph shows the amount of allowable overhang when the center of gravity of the workpiece overhangs in one direction.

Static Allowable Moment

| Model | Allowable moment lbffft [N•m] |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pitch moment | Yaw moment | Roll moment |
|  | $\mathbf{M p}$ | $\mathbf{M y}$ | $\mathbf{M r}$ |
| LEPS6 | 0.79 | 0.79 | 1.85 |
| LEPS10 | 1.88 | 1.88 | 4.03 |

## Static Allowable Moment

| Traveling <br> parallelism | 25 | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.05 mm or less | 0.1 mm or less |

Table Deflection (Reference Value) * These values are initial guideline values.

Table displacement due to pitch moment load (marked with the arrow)


LEPS6


## LEPS10



Table displacement due to yaw moment load (marked with the arrow)


LEPS6


LEPS6


LEPS10


# Electric Actuator Miniature Slide Table Type Series LEPS LEPS6, 10 

How to Order

2 Motor size

| Symbol | Motor size | Applicable size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nil | Basic type | 6,10 |
| L | Compact type | 10 |

3) Lead screw type [mm]

| Symbol | Screw lead |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LEPS6 | LEPS10 |
| K | 4 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{J}$ | 8 | 10 |


| 4 Stroke $[\mathrm{mm}]$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Symbol | Stroke |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | 25 |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ | 50 |

(5) Motor cable mounting direction


6 Actuator cable type*

| Nil | Without cable |
| :---: | :---: |
| S | Standard cable |
| R | Robotic cable (Flexible cable) |

* The standard cable should be used on fixed parts. For using on moving parts, select the robotic cable.

[^0]The actuator and controller are sold as a package. (Controller $\rightarrow$ Page 24)
Confirm that the combination of the controller and the actuator is correct.

## <Check the following before use.>

(1) Check the actuator label for model number. This matches the controller.
(2) Check Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).


* Refer to the operation manual for using the products. Please download it via our website, http: //www.smcworld.com


7 Actuator cable length [m]

| Nil | Without cable | $\mathbf{8}$ | $8^{*}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1.5 | $\mathbf{A}$ | $10^{*}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | $\mathbf{B}$ | $15^{*}$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | $\mathbf{C}$ | $20^{*}$ |

* Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only) Refer to the specifications Note 6) on page 17.
(9) I/O cable length [m]

| Nil | Without cable |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $1.5^{*}$ |
| 3 | $3^{*}$ |
| 5 | $5^{*}$ |

* When "Without controller" is selected for controller types, I/O cable length cannot be selected.

8 Controller type

| Nil | Without controller |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6N | LECP6 | NPN |
| 6P | (Step data input type) | PNP |
| 1N | LECP1 | NPN |
| 1P | (Programless type) | PNP |

* For details about controllers and compatible motors, refer to the compatible controllers below.

10 Controller mounting

| Nil | Screw mounting |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{D}$ | DIN rail mounting ${ }^{*}$ |

* Only available for the controller types " 6 N " and " 6 P " DIN rail is not included. Order it separately. (Refer to page 26.)


## Compatible Controllers

| Type | Step data input type | Programless type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series | LECP6 | LECP1 |
| Features | Value input Standard controller | Capable of setting up operation without using a PC or teaching box |
| Compatible motor | Step motor (Servo/24 VDC) |  |
| Max. number of step data | 64 points | 14 points |
| Power supply voltage | 24 VDC |  |
| Reference page | Page 25 | Page 35 |

## Series LEPS

Specifications
Weight

| Model |  | LEPS6 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke $[\mathrm{mm}]$ | 25 | 50 |  |
| Product weight [lb] | Basic | 0.64 | 0.77 |


| Model |  | LEPS10 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke [mm] | 25 | 50 |  |
| Product <br> weight [lb] | Basic | 1.23 | 1.37 |
|  | Compact | 1.1 | 1.30 |

Note 1) Pushing force accuracy is LEPS6: $\pm 30 \%$ (F.S.), LEPS10: $\pm 25 \%$ (F.S.).
Refer to page 22 for the detailed setting range and precautions. The pushing force and the duty ratio are changed by the set value. Check "Force Conversion Graph (Gulde)" on page 12 and [14] on page 22.
Note 2) The maximum value of the workload for the positioning operation. Chcek "Dynamic Allowable Moment" graph for the allowable moment of the guide on page 13.
Note 3) Speed is changed by the work load. Check "Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)" on page 12.
Note 4) When the stroke is 25 mm , the maximum speed will be $250 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$.
Note 5) Set to the pushing force when pushing
Note 6) The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5 m , then it will decrease by up to $10 \%$ for each 5 m . (At 15 m : Reduced by up to 20\%)

Note 7) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz . Test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (Test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
Note 8) Power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating.
Note 9) Standby power consumption when operating (including the controller) is for when the actuator is stopped in the set position during operation. Except during pushing operation.
Note 10) Momentary max. power consumption (including the controller) is for when the actuator is operating. This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.

## Construction

Component Parts


| No. | Description | Material | Note |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Body | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| 2 | Screw shaft | Stainless steel | Heat treatment + Specially treated |
| 3 | Screw nut | Stainless steel | Heat treatment + Specially treated |
| 4 | Table | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| 5 | Linear guide | - |  |
| 6 | Rod | Stainless steel |  |
| 7 | Spider | NBR |  |
| 8 | Hub | Aluminum alloy |  |
| 9 | Socket | Free culting carbon steel | Nickel plated |
| 10 | Bearing stopper | Size 6: Aluminum alloy <br> Size 10: Carbon steel |  |
| 11 | Motor plate | Aluminum alloy | Anodized |
| 12 | Guide ring | Aluminum alloy | Size 10 only |
| 13 | Bearing | - |  |
| 14 | Bushing | Oil impregnated sintered copper alloy |  |
| 15 | Soft wiper | - |  |
| 16 | Step motor <br> (Servo/24 VDC) | - |  |

# Electric Actuator/Miniature Slide Table Type Series LEPS 

## Dimensions

LEPS6


Note 1) Distance within which the table can move when it returns to origin. Make sure a workpiece
mounted on the table does not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the table.
Note 2) Position after return to origin.
Note 3) The number in brackets indicates when the direction of return to origin has changed.

| Dimensions [mm] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | L1 | L2 | L3 | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | J |
| LEPS6 $\square$-25 $\square$ | 127.1 | 138.6 | 11.5 | 16.5 | 21 | 24.5 | 28 | 16.5 | 28 | 36 | 76.4 |
| LEPS6-50 $\square$ | 156.6 | 169.6 | 13 | 22 | 45 | 30 | 52 | 22 | 52 | 60 | 107.4 |

## Dimensions

## LEPS10



Note 1) Distance within which the table can move when it returns to origin. Make sure a workpiece mounted on the table does not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the table. Note 2) Position after return to origin.
Note 3) The number in brackets indicates when the direction of return to origin has changed.

## Dimensions

| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | L1 | L2 | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | J | K |
| LEPS10 $\square$-25 $\square$ | 138 | 152.5 | 61.8 | 20 | 22 | 30 | 29 | 20 | 29 | 39 | 88.2 |
| LEPS10 $\square$-50 $\square$ | 163 | 177.5 |  | 24 | 43 | 34 | 50 | 24 | 50 | 60 | 113.2 |
| LEPS10L $\square$-25 $\square$ | 124 | 138.5 | 47.8 | 20 | 22 | 30 | 29 | 20 | 29 | 39 | 88.2 |
| LEPS10L $\square$-50 $\square$ | 149 | 163.5 |  | 24 | 43 | 34 | 50 | 24 | 50 | 60 | 113.2 |

Series LEPY/LEPS Specific Product Precautions 1
Be sure to read before handling. Refer to back cover for Safety Instructions and the Operation Manual for Electric Actuator Precautions. Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com

## Design/Selection

## © Warning

1. Do not apply a load in excess of the operating limit.

A product should be selected based on the maximum load and allowable moment. If the product is used outside of the operating limit, eccentric load applied to the guide will become excessive and have adverse effects such as creating play on the sliding parts of the piston rod, degraded accuracy, operation and shortened product life.
2. Do not use the product in applications where excessive external force or impact force is applied to it.
Do not apply impact and vibration outside of the specifications; it may lead to a malfunction.
3. If gravity acts on the workpiece due to vertical mounting, it may drop due to its own weight depending on the conditions when the product is not energized (SVON signal is OFF) or stopped (EMG is not energized).
4. Power failure may result in a decrease in the pushing force; ensure that safety measures are in place to prevent injury to the operator or damage to the equipment.
When the product is used for clamping, the clamping force could be decreased due to power failure, potentially creating a hazardous situation in which the workpiece is released.
5. This product cannot be used as a stopper.

Excessive load acts on the actuator, which adversely affects the operation and the life.

## Mounting

## Warning

1. Do not drop or hit the actuator to avoid scratching and denting the mounting surfaces.
Even slight deformation can cause the deterioration of accuracy and operation failure.
2. When mounting workpieces or jigs to the rod end, hold the flats of the rod end with a wrench so that the rod does not rotate (Rod type only).
When attaching a bolt or workpiece to the end of the rod, hold the flats of the rod end with a wrench (the rod should be fully retracted). Do not apply tightening torque to the rod non-rotating mechanism. The rod is manufactured to precise tolerances, so even a slight deformation may cause a malfunction and damage (Rod type only).


## Mounting

## © Warning

3. When mounting a bolt, workpiece or jig to the rod end, the bolt should be tightened to a torque within the specified range (Rod type only).
Tightening to a torque higher than the specified value may cause a malfunction due to deformation of the component, whilst under-tightening can cause displacement of the mounting position or in extreme conditions detaching of the workpiece. If the bolt is screwed in more than the maximum depth, the slide screw will be damaged, leading to operation failure (Rod type only).


| Model | Bolt | Max. <br> tightening <br> torque $[\mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{ft}]$ | Max. <br> screw-in <br> depth $[\mathrm{mm}]$ | Rod end <br> width across <br> flats $[\mathrm{mm}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 | M4 $\times 0.7$ | 1.03 | 7 | 10 |
| LEPY10 | M5 $\times 0.8$ | 2.21 | 9 | 12 |

4. The angular position of the rod end flats cannot be changed because the rod has a non-rotating mechanism inside (Rod type only).
The angular position of the rod end flats is not specified; it depends on the actuator type (Rod type only).
The rod rotates slightly due to the clearance of the non-rotating mechanism: Install the bolt or workpiece with consideration to the rotation (Rod type only).
5. When attaching the workpiece to the table, hold the table and tighten the bolts to a torque within the specified range (Slide table only).
The table is supported by a linear guide, do not apply impact or moment when mounting the workload.
If the bolts are screwed to more than the maximum thread depth, it may lead to a malfunction due to damage of the linear guide or body.

Top mounting

| Model | Bolt | Max <br> tightening <br> torque [ibf-ft] | Max. <br> screw-in <br> depth $[\mathrm{mm}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPS6 | $\mathrm{M} 4 \times 0.7$ | 1.03 | 6 |
| LEPS10 | $\mathrm{M} 4 \times 0.7$ | 1.03 | 6 |

Front mounting


| Model | Bolt | Max. <br> tightening <br> torque [lbf.ft] | Max. <br> screw-in <br> depth $[\mathrm{mm}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPS6 | $\mathrm{M} 4 \times 0.7$ | 1.03 | 7 |
| LEPS10 | $\mathrm{M} 4 \times 0.7$ | 1.03 | 8 |

Series LEPY/LEPS
Specific Product Precautions 2
Be sure to read before handling. Refer to back cover for Safety Instructions and the Operation Manual for Electric Actuator Precautions.
Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com

## Mounting

## Warning

6. Tighten the mounting screws within the specified torque range.
Tightening with higher torque than the specified range may cause malfunction while the tightening with lower torque can cause the displacement of gripping position or dropping a workpiece.

Side mounting (Body mounting through-hole)


| Model | Bolt | Max. tightening torque [lbf.ft] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 | $\mathrm{M} 3 \times 0.5$ | 0.66 |
| LEPS6 |  | 1.03 |
| LEPY10 | $\mathrm{M} 4 \times 0.7$ |  |
| LEPS10 |  |  |

Side mounting (Body tapped)


| Model | Bolt | Max. tightening torque [biftid | Max. screw-in depth [mm] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 | M4 x 0.7 | 1.03 | 7 |
| LEPS6 |  |  |  |
| LEPY10 | M5 x 0.8 | 2.21 | 9 |
| LEPS10 |  |  |  |

Bottom mounting (Body tapped)



Rod side mounting (Rod type only)


| Model | Bolt | Max. tightening torque $[\mathrm{bf} \cdot \mathrm{ft]}$ | Max. screw-in depth [mm] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 | $\mathrm{M} 4 \times 0.7$ | 1.03 | 7 |
| LEPY10 | $\mathrm{M} 5 \times 0.8$ | 2.21 | 9 |

7. When it is necessary to operate the product by the manual override screw, check the position of the manual override and leave necessary space for access.
Do not apply excessive torque to the manual override screw. This may lead to damage and malfunction.
8. When an external guide is used, connect it in such a way that no impact or load is applied to it.
This may cause a malfunction due to an increase in sliding resistance, or use a freely moving connector (such as a floating joint).

## Handling

## $\triangle$ Caution

1. When the pushing operation is used, be sure to set to [Pushing operation].
Also, do not hit the workpiece in positioning operation or in the range of positioning operation.
It may damage and malfunction. If the operation is interrupted or stopped during the cycle: When the pushing operation command is output immediately after restarting the operation, the direction of movement depends on the position of restart.
2. Use within the specified pushing speed range for the pushing operation.

It may lead to damage and malfunction.

| Model | Lead | Pushing speed $[\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{sec}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 | 4 | 10 |
| LEPS6 | 8 | 20 |
| LEPY10 | 5 | 10 |
| LEPS10 | 10 | 20 |

3. For the pushing operation, ensure that the force is applied in the direction of the rod axis.
4. The positioning force should be the initial value.

If the positioning force is set below the initial value, it may cause an alarm.

| Model | Motor size | Positioning force [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 | Basic | 150 |
| LEPY10 | Basic | 150 |
|  | Compact |  |

5. Actual speed of the product can be changed by load.

When selecting a product, check the catalog for the instructions regarding selection.
6. Do not scratch or dent the sliding parts of the piston rod, by striking or attaching objects.
The rod is manufactured to precise tolerances, even a slight deformation may cause malfunction.
7. Avoid using the electric actuator in such a way that rotational torque would be applied to the rod.
It may cause deformation of the non-rotating sliding part, leading to clearance in the internal guide or an increase in the sliding resistance. Refer to the table below for the approximate values of the allowable range of rotational torque.

| Allowable rotational torque $[$ lbf.ft] or less | LEPY6 $\square$ | LEPY10 $\square$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.03 | 0.04 | Series LEPY/LEPS Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read before handling. Refer to back cover for Safety Instructions and the Operation Manual for Electric Actuator Precautions. Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com

## Handling

## $\triangle$ Caution

8. Do not operate by fixing the piston rod and moving the actuator body Excessive load will be applied to the rod, leading to damage to the actuator and reduced lifetime.

## 9. Return to origin

1) Do not apply a load, impact or resistance in addition to the transferred load during return to origin
Additional force will cause the displacement of the origin position since it is based on detected motor torque.
2) When the return to origin is set with <Basic parameter> [Origin offset], it is necessary to change the current position of the product. Recheck the value of step data.
3) It is recommended to set the directions of return to origin and pushing in the same direction in order to enhance the measurement accuracy during pushing operation.
10. There is no backlash effect in pushing operation.

The return to origin is done by the pushing operation.
The position can be displaced by the effect of the backlash during the positioning operation.
Take the backlash into consideration when setting the position.
<Backlash>

| Model | Backlash [mm] |
| :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 | $\pm 0.1$ |
| LEPS6 | $\pm 0.1$ |
| LEPY10 | $\pm 0.1$ |
| LEPS10 | $\pm 0.1$ |

11. Do not hit the stroke end except for during the return to origin.
This may damage the inner parts.
12. INP output signal
1) Positioning operation

When the product comes within the set range by step data [ln position], the INP output signal will be turned on.
Initial value: Set to [0.50] or higher.
2) Pushing operation

When the effective pushing force exceeds the step data (trigger LV), the INP (In position) output signal is outputted.

When [pushing force] setting and [trigger LV] are set below [pushing force], use the product within the specified range of [pushing force and trigger LV].
a) To ensure that the product pushes the workpiece with the set [pushing force], it is recommended that the [Trigger LV] is set to the same value as the [pushing force].
b) If the [trigger LV] is set lower than the [operation pushing force (current pushing force) for the pushing operation], the pushing force will exceed the trigger LV from the pushing start position and the INP output signal will be outputted before pushing the workpiece. Increase the pushing force, or change the workload so that the current pushing force becomes smaller than the Trigger LV.
<Pushing force and trigger LV range>

| Model | Motor size | Set value of pushing force [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 <br> LEPS6 | Basic | 70 to 100 |
| LEPY10 <br> LEPS10 | Basic | 50 to 100 |
|  | Compact | 60 to 100 |

13. In pushing operation, set the product to a position of at least 0.5 mm away from a workpiece. (This position is referred to as a pushing start position.)
The following alarms may be generated and operation may become unstable.

## a. "Posn failed" alarm is generated.

The product cannot reach a pushing start position due to variation in the width of workpieces.
b. "Pushing ALM" alarm is generated.

The product is pushed back from a pushing start position after starting to push.
c. "Deviation over flow" alarm is generated.

Displacement exceeding the specified value is generated at the pushing operation start position.
14. When pushing operating, operate within duty ratio range. The duty ratio is a ratio at the time that can keep being pushed.

| Model | Motor size | Set value of <br> pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio [\%] | Continuous pushing <br> time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY6 | Basic | 70 | 100 | - |
|  |  | 70 | 10 |  |
|  |  | 100 | 50 | 5 |


| Model | Motor size | Set value of <br> pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio [\%] | Continuous pushing <br> time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY10 | Basic | 60 or less | 100 | - |
|  |  | 30 | 3 |  |
|  |  | 100 | 15 | 1 |


| Model | Motor size | Set value of <br> pushing force [\%] | Duty ratio [\%] | Continuous pushing <br> time [minute] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEPY10 <br> LEPS10 | Compact | 70 or less | 100 | - |
|  |  | 80 | 70 | 10 |
|  |  | 100 | 50 | 5 |

## Controller


.


Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Series LECP1

# Controller (Step data input type) Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Series LECP6 

## How to Order



# Controller (Step data input type)/Step Motor (Servo/24 vDC) Series LECP6 

## How to Mount

a) Screw mounting (LECP6 $\square \square-\square$ )
(Installation with two M4 screws)


## b) DIN rail mounting (LECP6 $\square \square \mathrm{D}-\square$ ) (Installation with the DIN rail)

DIN rail is locked.


Hook the controller on the DIN rail and press the lever of section $\mathbf{A}$ in the arrow direction to lock it.

## DIN rail

AXT100-DR- $\square$

* For $\square$, enter a number from the "No." line in the table below. Refer to the dimensions on page 27 for the mounting dimensions.
L Dimension [mm]


| No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{L}$ | 23 | 35.5 | 48 | 60.5 | 73 | 85.5 | 98 | 110.5 | 123 | 135.5 | 148 | 160.5 | 173 | 185.5 | 198 | 210.5 | 223 | 235.5 | 248 | 260.5 |
| No. | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{L}$ | 273 | 285.5 | 298 | 310.5 | 323 | 335.5 | 348 | 360.5 | 373 | 385.5 | 398 | 410.5 | 423 | 435.5 | 448 | 460.5 | 473 | 485.5 | 498 | 510.5 |

## DIN rail mounting adapter

## LEC-D0 (with 2 mounting screws)

This should be used when the DIN rail mounting adapter is mounted onto the screw mounting type controller afterwards.
a) Screw mounting (LECP6 $\square \square-\square$ )

b) DIN rail mounting (LECP6 $\square \square \mathrm{D}-\square$ )



## Wiring Example 1

Power Supply Connector: CN1 * Power supply plug is an accessory.
Power supply plug for LECP6
CN1 Power Supply Connector Terminal for LECP6 (PHOENIX CONTACT FK-MC0.5/5-ST-2.5)

| Terminal name | Function | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| OV | Common supply ( - ) | M24V terminal/C24V terminal/EMG terminal/BK RLS <br> terminal are common ( - ). |
| M24V | Motor power supply (+) | Motor power supply (+) supplied to the controller |
| C24V | Control power supply (+) | Control power supply (+) supplied to the controller |
| EMG | Stop (+) | Input (+) for releasing the stop |
| BK RLS | Lock release (+) | Input (+) for releasing the lock |



## Wiring Example 2

Parallel I/O Connector: CN5 $\quad *$ When you connect a PLC, etc., to the CN5 parallel I/O connector, please use the I/O cable (LEC-CN5- $\square$ ).
Wiring diagram

LECP6NDI- $\square$ (NPN)


## Input Signal

| Name | Details |
| :---: | :---: |
| COM + | Connects the power supply 24 V for input/output signal |
| COM- | Connects the power supply 0 V for input/output signal |
| INO to IN5 | Step data specified Bit No. <br> (Input is instructed in the combination of IN0 to 5.) |
| SETUP | Instruction to return to the original position |
| HOLD | Operation is temporarily stopped |
| DRIVE | Instruction to drive |
| RESET | Alarm reset and operation interruption |
| SVON | Servo ON instruction |

## LECP6P $\square \square-\square$ (PNP)



| Name | Details |
| :---: | :---: |
| OUTO to OUT5 | Outputs the step data no. during operation |
| BUSY | Outputs when the actuator is moving |
| AREA | Outputs within the step data area output setting range |
| SETON | Outputs when returning to the original position |
| INP | Outputs when target position or target force is reached <br> (Turns on when the positioning or pushing is completed.) |
| SVRE | Outputs when servo is on |
| *ESTOP Note) | Not output when EMG stop is instructed |
| *ALARM Note) | Not output when alarm is generated |

Note) Signal of negative-logic circuit (N.C.)

## Series LECP6

## Step Data Setting

## 1. Step data setting for positioning

In this setting, the actuator moves toward and stops at the target position. The following diagram shows the setting items and operation. The setting items and set values for this operation are stated below.


| Step Data (Positioning) |  | Need to be set. Need to be adjusted as required. <br> Setting is not required. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Necessity | Item | Details |
| ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Movement method | When the absolute position is required, set Absolute. When the relative position is required, set Relative. |
| ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Speed | Transfer speed to the target position |
| (0) | Position | Target position |
| ( | Acceleration | Parameter which defines how rapidly the actuator reaches the speed set. The higher the set value, the faster it reaches the speed set. |
| ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Deceleration | Parameter which defines how rapidly the actuator comes to stop. The higher the set value, the quicker it stops. |
| ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Pushing force | Set 0. <br> (If values 1 to 100 are set, the operation will be changed to the pushing operation.) |
| - | Trigger LV | Setting is not required. |
| - | Pushing speed | Setting is not required. |
| $\bigcirc$ | Positioning force | Max. torque during the positioning operation (No specific change is required.) |
| $\bigcirc$ | Area 1, Area 2 | Condition that turns on the AREA output signal. |
| $\bigcirc$ | In position | Condition that turns on the INP output signal. When the actuator enters the range of [in position], the INP output signal turns on. (It is unnecessary to change this from the initial value.) When it is necessary to output the arrival signal before the operation is completed, make the value larger. |

## 2. Step data setting for pushing

The actuator moves toward the pushing start position, and when it reaches that position, it starts pushing with less than the set force. The following diagram shows the setting items and operation. The setting items and set values for this operation are stated below.


| Necessity | Item | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (0) | Movement method | When the absolute position is required, set Absolute. When the relative position is required, set Relative. |
| (0) | Speed | Transfer speed to the pushing start position |
| ( 0 | Position | Pushing start position |
| (0) | Acceleration | Parameter which defines how rapidly the actuator reaches the speed set. The higher the set value, the faster it reaches the speed set. |
| (0) | Deceleration | Parameter which defines how rapidly the actuator comes to stop. The higher the set value, the quicker it stops. |
| ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Pushing force | Pushing force ratio is defined. <br> The setting range differs depending on the electric actuator type. Refer to the operation manual for the electric actuator. |
| ( $)$ | Trigger LV | Condition that turns on the INP output signal. The INP output signal is turned on when the generated force exceeds the value. Threshold level should be less than the pushing force. |
| $\bigcirc$ | Pushing speed | Pushing speed <br> When the speed is set fast, the electric actuator and work pieces might be damaged due to the impact when they hit the end, so this set value should be smaller. Refer to the operation manual of the electric actuator. |
| $\bigcirc$ | Positioning force | Max. torque during the positioning operation (No specific change is required.) |
| $\bigcirc$ | Area 1, Area 2 | Condition that turns on the AREA output signal. |
| ( $)$ | In position | Transfer distance during pushing. If the transferred distance exceeds the setting, it stops even if it is not pushing. If the transfer distance is exceeded, the INP output signal will not be turned on. |

# Controller (Step data input type)/Step Motor (Servo/24 vDC) Series LECP6 

Signal Timing

## Return to Origin


"*ALARM" and "*ESTOP" are expressed as negative-logic circuit.


* "OUT" is output when "DRIVE" is changed from ON to OFF.
(When power supply is applied, "DRIVE" or "RESET" is turned ON or "*ESTOP" is turned OFF, all of the "OUT" outputs are turned OFF.)


## HOLD



* When the actuator is in the positioning range in the pushing operation, it does not
stop even if HOLD signal is input.



[^1]
## Series LECP6

Options: Actuator Cable, I/O Cable

## Actuator cable

[Robotic cable, standard cable for step motor (servo/24 VDC)]


| Nil | Robotic cable <br> (Flexible cable) |
| :---: | :---: |
| S | Standard cable |

LE-CP- ${ }_{5}^{13} /$ Cable length: $1.5 \mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{~m}$


L


Controller side


Controller side (* Produced upon receipt of order)

$\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline \text { Signal } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Connector } \mathrm{A} \\ \text { terminal no. }\end{array} & & & \text { Cable color }\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Connector C } \\ \text { terminal no. }\end{array}\right]$

## I/O cable

## LEC - CN5 - 1 - Cable length(L)[m] | 1 | 1.5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 |



* Conductor size: AWG28

| Connector pin no. | Insulation color | Dot mark | Dot color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | Light brown | ■ | Black |
| A2 | Light brown | $\square$ | Red |
| A3 | Yellow | $\square$ | Black |
| A4 | Yellow | $\square$ | Red |
| A5 | Light green | $\square$ | Black |
| A6 | Light green | $\square$ | Red |
| A7 | Gray | $\square$ | Black |
| A8 | Gray | $\square$ | Red |
| A9 | White | $\square$ | Black |
| A10 | White | $\square$ | Red |
| A11 | Light brown | ■ ■ | Black |
| A12 | Light brown | ■■ | Red |
| A13 | Yellow | ■ ■ | Black |


| Connector pin no. | Insulation color | Dot mark | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dot } \\ & \text { color } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B1 | Yellow | ■ ■ | Red |
| B2 | Light green | ■ ■ | Black |
| B3 | Light green | $\square \square$ | Red |
| B4 | Gray | ■ ■ | Black |
| B5 | Gray | ■ ■ | Red |
| B6 | White | ■ ■ | Black |
| B7 | White | ■ ■ | Red |
| B8 | Light brown | ■■■ | Black |
| B9 | Light brown | ■■■ | Red |
| B10 | Yellow | ■■■ | Black |
| B11 | Yellow | ■■■ | Red |
| B12 | Light green | ■■■ | Black |
| B13 | Light green | ■■■ | Red |
| - |  | Shield |  |



## Hardware Requirements

PC/AT compatible machine installed with Windows XP and equipped with USB1.1 or USB2.0 ports.

* Windows ${ }^{\circledR}$ and Windows $\mathrm{XP}^{\circledR}$ are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.


## Screen Example

Easy mode screen example


Easy operation and simple setting

- Allowing to set and display actuator step data such as position, speed, force, etc.
- Setting of step data and testing of the drive can be performed on the same page.
- Can be used to jog and move at a constant rate.

Normal mode screen example


## Detailed setting

- Step data can be set in detail.
- Signals and terminal status can be monitored.
- Parameters can be set.
- JOG and constant rate movement, return to origin, test operation and testing of forced output can be performed.


# Series LEC <br> Teaching Box/LEC-T1 

## How to Order




Standard functions

- Chinese character display
- Stop switch is provided.

Option

- Enable switch is provided.


Specifications

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :---: |
| Switch | Stop switch, Enable switch (Option) |
| Cable length [m] | 3 |
| Enclosure | IP64 (Except connector) |
| Operating temperature range | 41 to $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(5\right.$ to $\left.50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Operating humidity range [\%RH] | 90 or less (No condensation) |
| Weight | $12.3 \mathrm{oz}(350 \mathrm{~g})$ (Except cable) |

Note) CE-compliance
The EMC compliance of the teaching box was tested with the LECP6 series step motor controller (servo/24 VDC) and an applicable actuator.

## Easy Mode

| Function | Details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Step data | - Setting of step data |
| Jog | - Jog operation <br> - Return to origin |
| Test | - 1 step operation <br> - Return to origin |
| Monitor | - Display of axis and step data no. <br> - Display of two items selected from Position, Speed, Force. |
| ALM | - Active alarm display <br> - Alarm reset |
| TB setting | - Reconnection of axis <br> - Setting of easy/normal mode <br> - Setting of step data and selection of items from easy mode monitor |

Menu Operations Flowchart


## Normal Mode

| Function | Details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Step data | - Step data setting |
| Parameter | - Parameters setting |
| Test | - Jog operation/Constant rate movement <br> - Return to origin <br> - Test drive (Specify a maximum of 5 step data and operate.) <br> - Forced output (Forced signal output, Forced terminal output) |
| Monitor | - Drive monitor <br> - Output signal monitor <br> - Input signal monitor <br> - Output terminal monitor <br> - Input terminal monitor |
| ALM | - Active alarm display (Alarm reset) <br> - Alarm log record display |
| File | - Data saving <br> Save the step data and parameters of the controller which is being used for communication (it is possible to save four files, with one set of step data and parameters defined as one file). <br> - Load to controller Loads the data which is saved in the teaching box to the controller which is being used for communication. <br> - Delete the saved data. |
| TB setting | - Display setting (Easy/Normal mode) <br> - Language setting (Japanese/English) <br> - Backlight setting <br> - LCD contrast setting <br> - Beep sound setting <br> - Max. connection axis <br> - Distance unit (mm/inch) |
| Reconnect | - Reconnection of axis |

Menu Operations Flowchart

| Menu |
| :--- |
| Step data |
| Parameter |
| Monitor |
| Test |
| ALM |
| File |
| TB setting |
| Reconnect |





TB setting
Easy/Normal
Language
Backlight
LCD contrast
Beep
Max. connection axis
Password
Distance unit
Reconnect

Dimensions


| No. | Description | Function |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | LCD | A screen of liquid crystal display (with backlight) |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Ring | A ring for hanging the teaching box |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Stop switch | When switch is pushed in, the switch locks and stops. <br> The lock is released when it is turned to the right. |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Stop switch guard | A guard for the stop switch |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Enable switch <br> (Option) | Prevents unintentional operation (unexpected <br> operation) of the jog test function. Other functions <br> such as data change are not covered. |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Key switch | Switch for each input |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Cable | Length: 3 meters |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Connector | A connector connected to CN4 of the controller |



SMC

# Programless Controller Series LECP1 



## The controller is sold as single unit after the compatible actuator is set.

Confirm that the combination of the controller and the actuator is correct.

* Refer to the operation manual for using the products. Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com


## Specifications

## Basic Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: |
| Compatible motor | Step motor (Servo/24 VDC) |
| Power supply Note 1) | Power supply voltage: 24 VDC $\pm 10 \%$ <br> Max. current consumption: 3 A (Peak 5 A) Note 2) <br> [Including the motor drive power, control power supply, stop, lock release] |
| Parallel input | 6 inputs (Photo-coupler isolation) |
| Parallel output | 6 outputs (Photo-coupler isolation) |
| Stop points | 14 points (Position number 1 to 14(E)) |
| Compatible encoder | Incremental A/B phase (800 pulse/rotation) |
| Serial communication | RS485 (Modbus protocol compliant) |
| Memory | EEPROM |
| LED indicator | LED (Green/Red) one of each |
| 7-segment LED display Note 3) | 1 digit, 7-segment display (red) Figures are expressed in hexadecimal ("10" to "15" in decimal number are expressed as "A" to "F") |
| Lock control | Forced-lock release terminal Note 4) |
| Cable length [m] | I/O cable: 5 or less Actuator cable: 20 or less |
| Cooling system | Natural air cooling |
| Operating temperature range | 32 to $104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(0\right.$ to $\left.40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ (No freezing) |
| Operating humidity range [\%RH] | 90 or less (No condensation) |
| Storage temperature range | 14 to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ( -10 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (No freezing) |
| Storage humidity range [\%RH] | 90 or less (No condensation) |
| Insulation resistance [M ${ }^{\text {] }}$ ] | Between the housing (radiation fin) and SG terminal 50 (500 VDC) |
| Weight | $4.6 \mathrm{oz}(130 \mathrm{~g})$ |

Note 1) Do not use the power supply of "inrush current prevention type" for the controller input power supply.
Note 2) The power consumption changes depending on the actuator model. Refer to the each actuator's operation manual etc. for details.
Note 3) " 10 " to " 15 " in decimal number are displayed as follows in the 7 -segment LED.

|  | 5 | 8 | $E$ | 8 | 5 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decimal display | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| Hexadecimal display | A | b | C | d | E | F |

Note 4) Applicable to non-magnetizing lock.


## How to Mount

Controller mounting shown below.

1. Mounting screw (LECP1 $\square \square-\square$ ) (Installation with two M4 screws)


## 2. Grounding

Tighten the bolt with the nut when mounting the ground wire as shown below.


## $\triangle$ Caution

- M4 screws, cable with crimping terminal and tooth lock washer are not included.

Be sure to carry out grounding earth in order to ensure the noise tolerance.

- Use a watchmaker's screwdriver of the size shown below when changing position switch (8) and the set value of the speed/acceleration switch (11) to (14).
Size
End width L: 2.0 to 2.4 [mm]
End thickness W: 0.5 to 0.6 [mm]



## Series LECP1

Dimensions


## Wiring Example 1

Power Supply Connector: CN1 * When you connect a CN1 power supply connector, please use the power supply cable (LEC-CK1-1). * Power supply cable (LEC-CK1-1) is an accessory.

CN1 Power Supply Connector Terminal for LECP1

| Terminal name | Cable color | Function | Details |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| OV | Blue | Common <br> supply ( - ) | M24V terminal/C24V terminal/BK <br> RLS terminal are common (-). |
| M24V | White | Motor power <br> supply (+) | Motor power supply (+) supplied to <br> the controller |
| C24V | Brown | Control power <br> supply (+) | Control power supply (+) supplied to <br> the controller |
| BK RLS | Black | Lock release (+) | Input (+) for releasing the lock |

Wiring Example 2

## Parallel I/O Connector: CN4

* When you connect a PLC, etc., to the CN4 parallel I/O connector, please use the I/O cable (LEC-CK4- $\square$ ). * The wiring should be changed depending on the type of the parallel I/O (NPN or PNP).

NPN


## Input Signal

| Name | Details |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COM+ | Connects the power supply 24 V for input/output signal |  |  |  |
| COM- | Connects the power supply 0 V for input/output signal |  |  |  |
| INO to IN3 | - Instruction to drive (input as a combination of INO to IN3) <br> - Instruction to return to the origin position (INO to IN3 all ON simultaneously) <br> Example - (instruction to drive for position no. 5) |  |  |  |
|  | IN3 | IN2 | IN1 | INO |
|  | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| RESET | Alarm reset and operation interruption <br> During operation : deceleration stop from position at which signal is input (servo ON maintained) <br> While alarm is active : alarm reset |  |  |  |
| STOP | Instruction to stop (after maximum deceleration stop, servo OFF) |  |  |  |

Input Signal [INO - IN3] Position Number Chart O: OFF O: ON

| Position number | IN3 | IN2 | IN1 | IN0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 2 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 3 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| 4 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 5 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 6 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 7 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 8 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 9 | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 10 (A) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 11 (B) | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 12 (C) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 13 (D) | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 (E) | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| Retun to origin | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

Power supply cable for LECP1 (LEC-CK1-1)


## Output Signal

| Name | Details |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Turns on when the positioning or pushing is completed. <br> (Output is instructed in the combination of OUT0 to 3.) <br> Example - (operation complete for position no. 3) |  |  |
| OUT0 to OUT3 | OUT3 OUT2 OUT1  <br> OFF OFF OUT0  <br> BUSY Outputs when the actuator is moving   <br> *ALARM Note) Not output when alarm is active or servo OFF   |  |  |

Note) Signal of negative-logic circuit (N.C.)

Output Signal [OUTO - OUT3] Position Number Chart O: OFF ©: ON

| Position number | OUT3 | OUT2 | OUT1 | OUTO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| 2 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| 4 | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| 5 | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| 6 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 7 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | - |
| 8 | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 9 | $\bullet$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| 10 (A) | $\bullet$ | 0 | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 11 (B) | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - |
| 12 (C) | - | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| 13 (D) | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| 14 (E) | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |
| Retun to origin | $\bullet$ | - | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |

## Signal Timing

(1) Return to Origin

"*ALARM" is expressed as negative-logic circuit.

## (2) Positioning Operation



## (3) Cut-off Stop (Reset Stop)


(4) Stop by the STOP Signal


## (5) Alarm Reset



[^2]
## Options: Actuator Cable

[Robotic cable, standard cable for step motor (servo/24 VDC)]


| Nil | Robotic cable <br> (Flexible cable) |
| :---: | :---: |
| S | Standard cable |



LE-CP- ${ }_{A C}^{8 B}$ /Cable length: $8 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{~m}$ (* Produced upon receipt of order)


## Options

## [Power supply cable]

| LEC | CR1-1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Terminal name | Covered color | Function |
| OV | Blue | Common supply (-) |
| M24V | White | Motor power supply (+) |
| C24V | Brown | Control power supply (+) |
| BK RLS | Black | Lock release (+) |


[ I/O cable]


* Conductor size: AWG26

| Terminal no. | Insulation color | Dot mark | Dot color | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Light brown | $\square$ | Black | COM + |
| 2 | Light brown | $\square$ | Red | COM - |
| 3 | Yellow | $\square$ | Black | OUT0 |
| 4 | Yellow | $\square$ | Red | OUT1 |
| 5 | Light green | $\square$ | Black | OUT2 |
| 6 | Light green | $\square$ | Red | OUT3 |
| 7 | Gray | $\square$ | Black | BUSY |


| Terminal no. | Insulation color | Dot mark | Dot color | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Gray | $\square$ | Red | ALARM |
| 9 | White | $\square$ | Black | IN0 |
| 10 | White | $\square$ | Red | IN1 |
| 11 | Light brown | $\square \square$ | Black | IN2 |
| 12 | Light brown | $\square \square$ | Red | IN3 |
| 13 | Yellow | $\square \square$ | Black | RESET |
| 14 | Yellow | $\square \square$ | Red | STOP |

[^3]Safety Instructions
These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC)*1), and other safety regulations.

Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

## $\triangle$ Warning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications. Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalog information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.
2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.
The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly. The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.
3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/equipment until safety is confirmed.
4. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
5. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
6. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.
7. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.
8. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
9. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalog.
10. An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
11. Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.
*1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules relating to systems.
ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power - General rules relating to systems.
IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines. (Part 1: General requirements)
ISO 10218-1: Manipulating industrial robots - Safety etc.

## ©Caution

1. The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries. The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries.
If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary.
If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

## Limited warranty and Disclaimer/ Compliance Requirements

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".
Read and accept them before using the product.

## Limited warranty and Disclaimer

1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered.*2)
Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.
2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided.
This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
3. Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalog for the particular products.
*2) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty.
A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered.
Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

## Compliance Requirements

1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
2. The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulations of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed.
[^4]SMC Corporation of America
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[^0]:    $\triangle$ Caution
    Note) CE-compliant products
    EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LEP series and the controller LEC series. The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore conformity to the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result it is necessary for the customer to verify conformity to the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

[^1]:    "*ALARM" is expressed as negative-logic circuit.

[^2]:    "*ALARM" is expressed as negative-logic circuit.

[^3]:    * Parallel I/O signal is valid in auto mode. While the test function operates at manual mode, only the output is valid.

[^4]:    Safety Instructions $\quad$ Be sure to read "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) before using.

